# County Social Services Agencies and Local Governing Boards: Roles and Responsibilities

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October 21, 2015



### **Overview**

What is the government's role in social services?

How are local DSS agencies organized and governed?

What are the powers and duties of a local DSS board?

What rules govern service on local DSS boards?

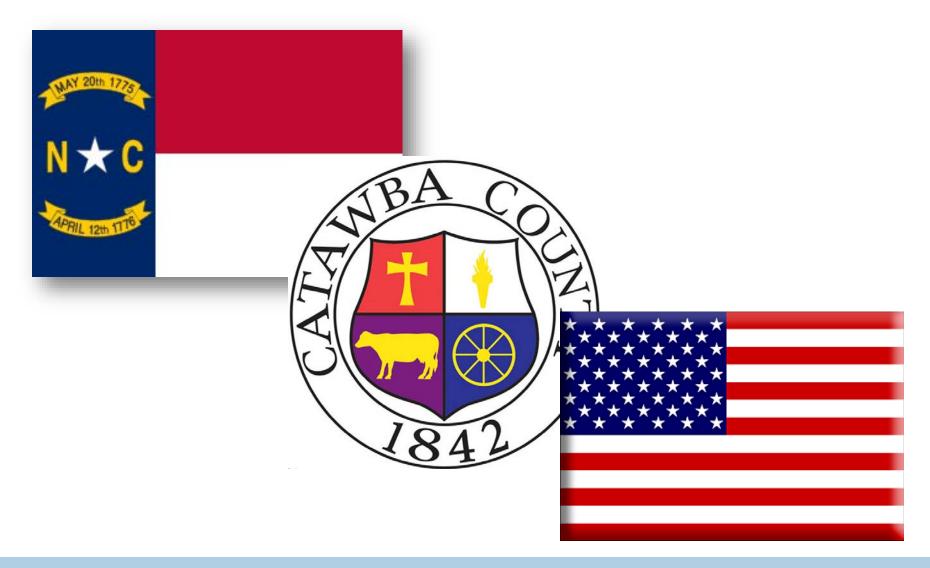
Board meetings: How often, when, where?



## WHAT IS THE GOVERNMENT'S ROLE IN SOCIAL SERVICES?



### **Different Roles**



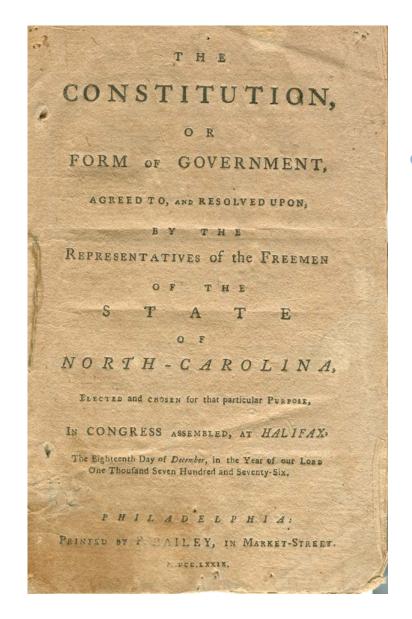
### **Federal Government**



### **Federal Role**

- Federal funding with strings attached
- Drives policy development
  - Who is served?
  - What services?





### **State Government**

- NC Constitution requires State to
  - Establish agencies and institutions to serve the "public good" and respond to "needs of humanity"
  - Provide "beneficent" care for "poor, unfortunate, and orphans"

### **State Role**

#### **General Assembly**

- Establish policy via legislation
- Appropriate state and federal funding

#### **Rulemaking Bodies**

Implement policy via rule (laws)

#### **NC DHHS**

- Distribute funds
- Supervise county administration
- Audit, quality assurance, technical assistance, appeals



### **State Government**

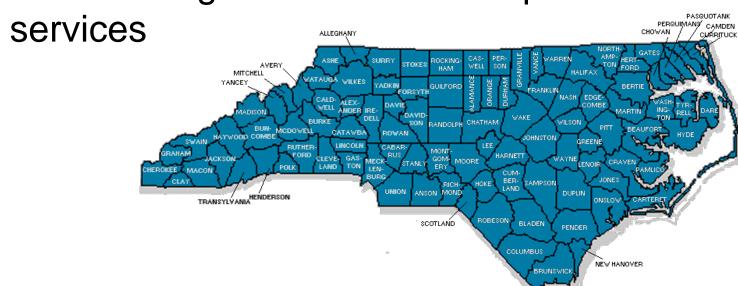
### General Assembly

- Determines nature & extent of State's duty; how State will discharge its duty
- Accepts federal funding
- Establishes state agencies
- Creates state programs
- Appropriates state funding
- Determines responsibility of local government



### **County Role**

- What is a County?
  - A political subdivision of the State
  - Derives legal authority from the State
  - Act as an agent of the State to provide State



## "State-Supervised and County-Administered System"

County

- Administering programs
  - County agencies & employees
- Funding part of cost

**State** 

- Supervising county administration
- Policy & training
- Paying benefits
- Funding part of cost



### **County Government**

### State requires that counties

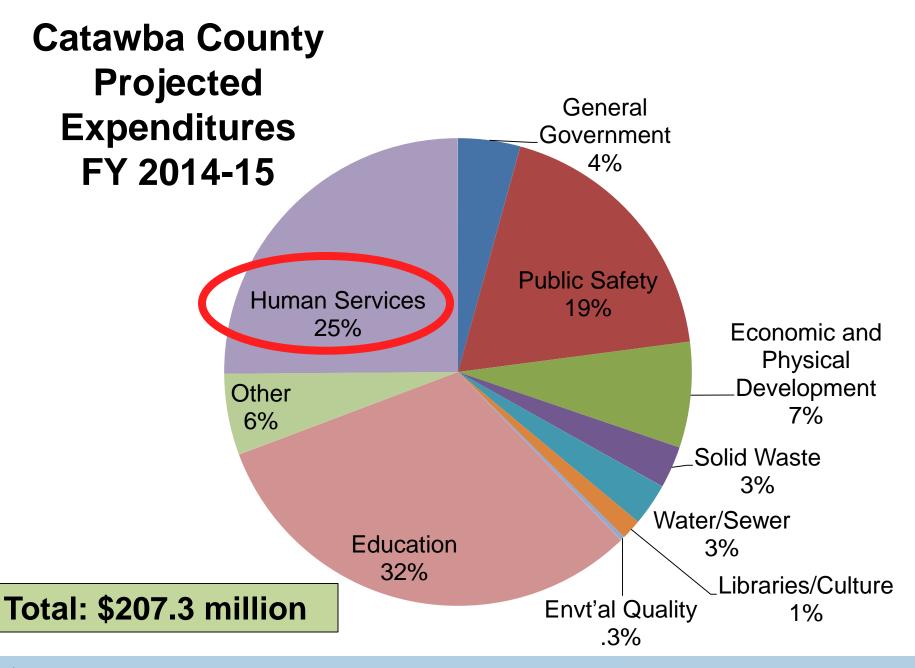
- Have county social services board or a consolidated human services board
- Administer mandated social services programs
- Provide adequate facilities for social services department
- Fund part of the cost of state social services programs
- Comply with state law and policy



## What are the county commissioners' roles?

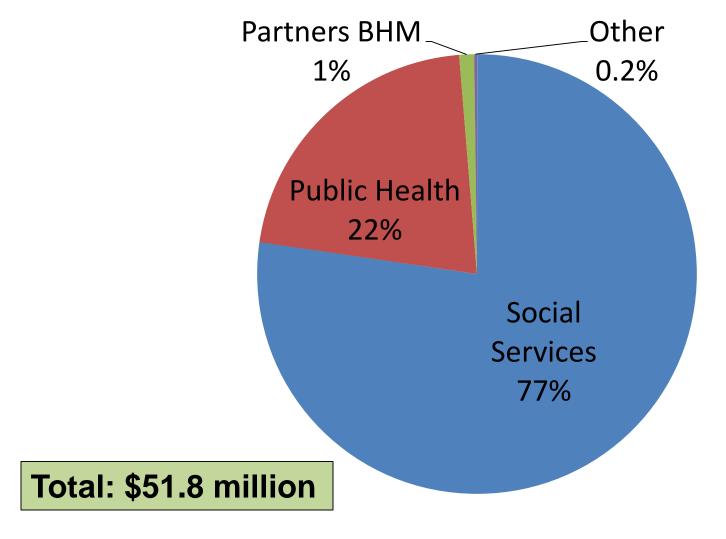
 County DSS **Establish** CHSA agency Multi-county with interlocal agreement DSS board **Establish**  Consolidated human services board board BOCC serves as board Appropriate Approve; appropriate funds If acting as DSS board, assume all powers and duties of DSS board Other duties If CHSA, decide if employees under SPA







#### Catawba County Projected Human Services Expenditures – FY 2014-15





### Who Pays for Social Services?

#### Federal

- Federal-state programs
- Grants to states

#### State

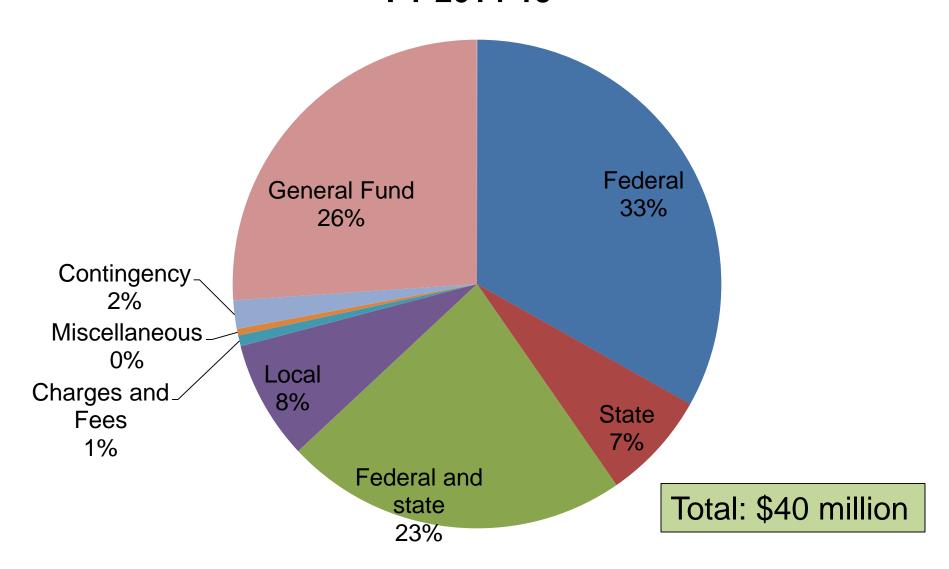
- Accepts federal grants
- Appropriates state and federal funding

#### County

- Levy property tax sufficient to pay county share of mandated programs
- Non-mandated programs



## Catawba County DSS Projected Revenue FY 2014-15





## HOW IS DSS ORGANIZED AND GOVERNED?

## County Social Services Boards "DSS Boards"

- Governing board required by state law
  - "Every county shall have a board of social services... which shall establish county policies for the [social services] programs..."



### Organization and Governance

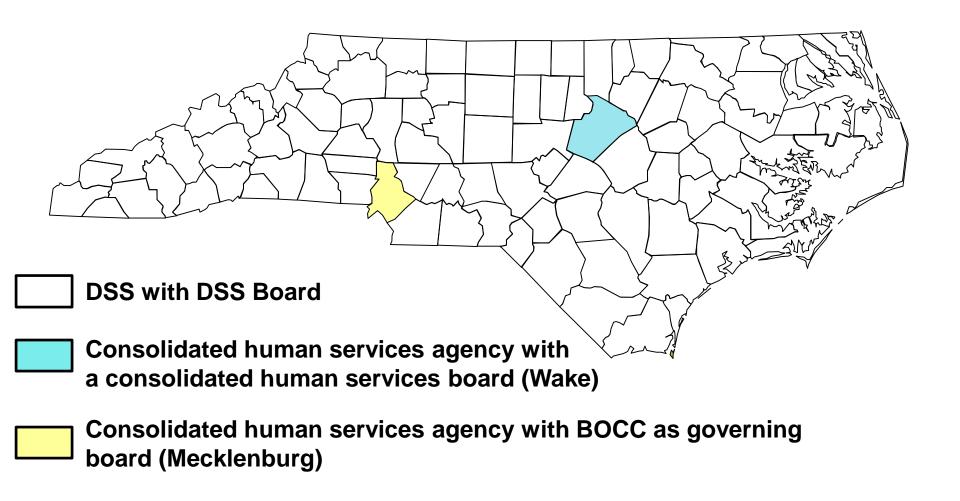
## Organization

- DSS
- Consolidated Human Services Agency (CHSA)

### Governance

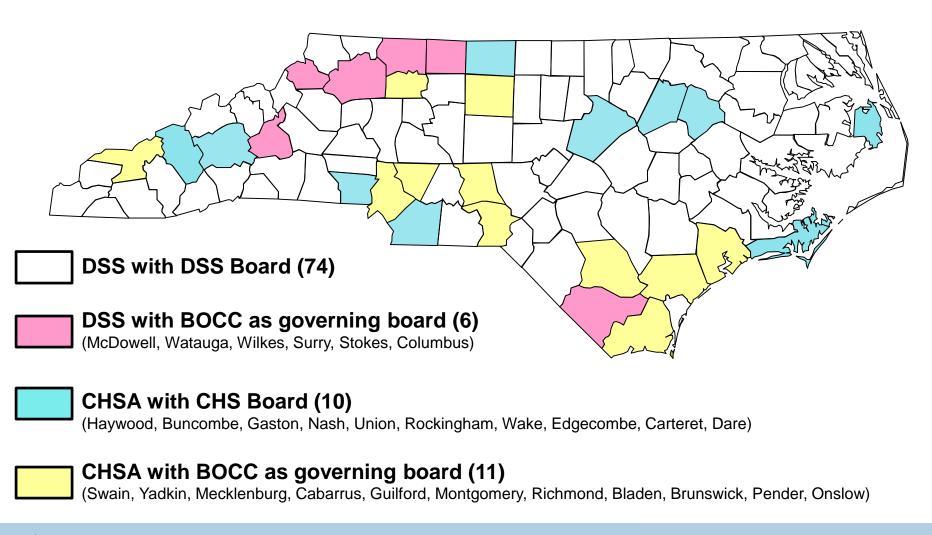
- DSS board
- CHSA board
- BOCC

### Types of DSS Agencies June 2012





### Types of DSS Agencies Sept 2015





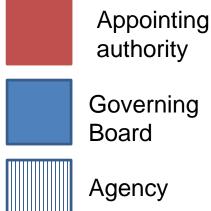
## **Key Differences**

	Board	Hire Agency Director	Personnel
DSS	Appointed; 3-5 members	Board hires	SHRA
One	Elected	BOCC hires	SHRA
Two	Appointed; up to 25 Members	County manager hires with advice and consent of CHS board	SHRA optional
Three	Elected	County manager hires with advice and consent of BOCC	SHRA optional



### **DSS Board**

**Social Services Board of County** Commissioners Commission County DSS **Board** Department of **Social Services** 





### **Option One**

Board of County Commissioners

Department of Social Services



Governing Board



Agency



### **Option Two**

**Board of County** Commissioners **Appointing** authority Governing Consolidated **Board Human Services** Board Agency Consolidated **Human Services** Agency



### **Option Three**

Board of County Commissioners as a Consolidated Human Services Board

Consolidated Human Services Agency



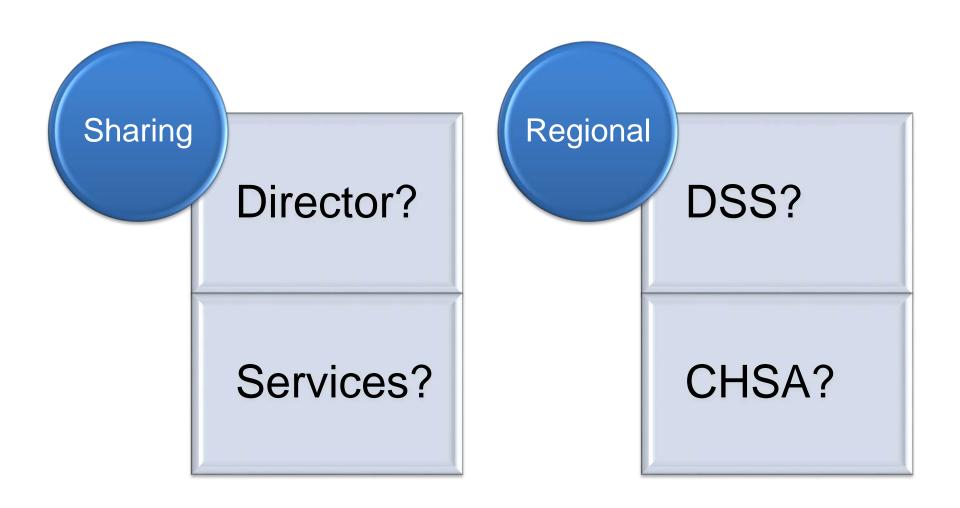
Governing Board



Agency



## Other Options?







## **Defining Goals**

- What are the county's goals and what route will get you there?
  - Improve service delivery
  - Create a new vision for human services programs
  - Create a unified personnel system for all county personnel
  - Change the relationship between board of county commissioners and the departments
  - Identify efficiencies and reduce human services spending
  - Others?



## WHAT ARE BOARD'S POWERS & DUTIES?



### **Powers & Duties**

Statutes enacted by General Assembly

Administrative rules adopted by Social Services Commission

Ordinances adopted by county commissioners



## DSS Board: Powers and Duties

Director

 Hire, salary, advise, evaluate, discipline/dismiss

Advise public officials

Identify, advise, assist, advocate

Establish local policies

Limited in scope

Monitor and evaluate programs

Includes access to confidential information; fraud investigations

Budget and funding

 Assist director in preparing; present to BOCC

## **Hiring Director**

- Subject to State Human Resources Act unless:
  - Create a consolidated human services agency and BOCC decides *not* to remove them from SPA
  - County requests and obtains "substantial equivalency" in one or more areas
- If exempt
  - County HR policies and ordinances must comply with "federal merit personnel standards"

### **SHRA Policy Areas**

- 1. Position classification
- Recruitment & selection, including minimum qualifications
- Pay relationships (does not prescribe salary administration policies)
- 4. Reduction in force
- 5. Discipline and dismissal procedures
- 6. Grievance contested case hearing at OAH



## Social Services Employees

- Board has no authority to
  - Hire, supervise, or fire DSS employees
  - Establish minimum qualifications
  - Establish salary schedule
  - Adopt personnel policies
  - Hear employee grievances or appeals\*



## **Social Services Attorneys**

County
Attorney/Asst.
County
Attorney

Social Services Staff Attorneys

Contract Attorneys Special County Attorneys for Social Services

- No authority to retain social services attorney unless
  - authority delegatedby countycommissioners *or*
  - "Special county attorney for social services"

#### **Confidential Information**



 Board members may inspect and examine any records relating to applications for and provision of public assistance and social services



 Board members may not disclose or make public any information acquired by examining such records

## CHS Board: Additional Powers and Duties

- Assumes powers and duties of DSS board
- Does not hire director; manager hires with advice and <u>consent</u> of CHS board
- Also has authority/responsibility to
  - Set fees
  - Assure compliance with state/federal laws
  - Recommend creation of human services programs
  - Public health related powers and duties, including rulemaking
  - "Plan and recommend" a budget
  - Perform public relations and advocacy functions



## WHAT RULES GOVERN SERVICE ON THE SS BOARD?

#### **Board Members**

Are public officials

- Appointed, not elected, officials
- Must take oath of office
- Subject to state law regarding qualifications & conduct
- May receive per diem

Are county government officials

- Not county employees, state officials, or state employees
- Not subject to restrictions on employee political activity
- Not subject to state ethics act

### **Board Leadership**

- Board Chair
  - Elected by board
  - At July meeting
  - One-year term



## Social Services Director

- Serves as board secretary and executive officer
- But is *not* a board member

### **Appointment of Board Members**

#### **Board of County Commissioners**

Appoints two members of five-member board

#### **State Social Services Commission**

Appoints two members of five-member board

#### **Majority of County & State Appointees**

- Appoints third or fifth board member
- Senior resident superior court judge

### Filling Vacancies on the Board

- Vacancy occurs
  - When incumbent board member resigns, dies, or is removed from office before end of his or her term
  - Not when incumbent's term ends

- Appointment to fill vacancy
  - Made by public body that appointed former incumbent
  - For remainder of former incumbent's term

### **Qualifications for Appointment**



- Legal resident of county
  - No minimum length of residency required
  - May be "part-time" resident or work in another county
- Additional legal qualifications
  - May be established by board of county commissioners

## Regular Terms of Members

- Regular term: July 1 to June 30 of third year thereafter
  - But... incumbent "holds over" in office until successor is appointed
- Appointed for 3 year terms
  - Including commissioners appointed "ex officio"
  - Not including board members appointed to fill vacancies due to death, resignation, or removal
- Term limits
  - Two consecutive terms; limited exception



#### Removal from Office



- Board member may be removed from office
  - Before the end of his or her term
  - By public body that appointed him or her
  - For "good cause"
- No specific criteria in the statute for removal

## Compare: Consolidated Human Services Boards

- Up to 25 members
- Appointed by BOCC
  - Nominees presented by the CHS board
  - No role for Social Services Commission
- Serve four year terms
- Detailed guidelines for removal

## CHS Board/Composition Requirements

- 4 consumers of human services
- 10 professionals
  - Psychologist, pharmacist, engineer, dentist, optometrist, veterinarian, social worker, registered nurse, psychiatrist, physician
- 1 member of BOCC
- Others, including members of general public















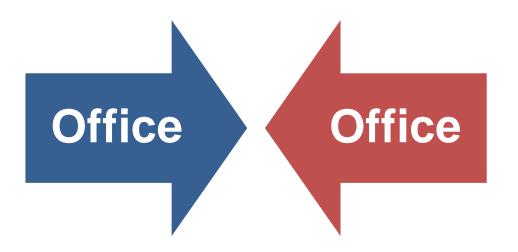


## **Multiple Office Holding Limits**

- No person may concurrently hold more than
  - Two appointive public offices or
  - One elective and one appointive public office
- Appointment of county commissioner
  - By board of county commissioners
  - Is "ex officio"
  - Doesn't "count" as separate office



## Incompatible Office Holding



- May not hold two incompatible offices
- Incompatible if
  - Conflict between functions or duties
  - One is subservient to other

May a board member serve as acting or interim director?



#### **Other Potential Conflicts**

- Board member who is licensed foster parent
  - May not be supervised by or accept placements from resident county
- Board member (or spouse) who owns or operates nursing or adult care home
  - May not receive Medicaid or Special Assistance payments



- It is unlawful for any public official to
  - directly benefit from a public contract if he or she is involved in making or administering the contract
  - attempt to influence any person in making or administering a public contract from which the public official will receive a direct benefit





Does the county social services board make or administer contracts?

#### Exceptions

- Employment of spouse if official doesn't participate in action
- Payments for assistance or services provided to needy persons (except payments to nursing or adult care homes)
  - If participation is open to all providers, official doesn't receive special treatment, & official doesn't participate in approval of payment

It is unlawful for any public official to



 Solicit or receive a gift or reward for recommending or influencing award of contract by public agency

### Liability



- Official capacity
- Open meetings
- Individual claims
  - -Tort claims
  - -Federal lawsuit
- Criminal

# **BOARD MEETINGS: HOW OFTEN, WHEN & WHERE?**

## Frequency



- DSS board must meet once each month
  - More often if meeting called by chair (or per board rules)
- Board determines meeting time & location
- CHSA board must meet quarterly

## **Open Meetings Law**

Applies to all "public bodies"

Including county social services board

Requires public notice of all "official" meetings

• No secret meetings!!!

All "official" meetings must be open to public

Except closed session authorized by law



## Official Meetings?

Any time a majority of board

Meets in person or via electronic means

To transact public business



## **Public Notice of Meetings**

Emergency

- Written notice filed with clerk stating date, time, & place
- Posted on website (if applicable)
- Posted at least 48 hours before meeting stating date, time, place and purpose
- Mailed, emailed, etc. to media and others (if requested)
- Posted on website (if applicable)
- Notice by email, phone, etc. to media and others (if requested)
- Posted on website (if applicable)

## Minutes Required

- All official meetings
  - Including closed session (general account)
- Full & accurate reflection of all actions
- Taken by director as secretary
  - Approved by board
- Written or audio



#### **Closed Sessions**

Preserve attorney-client privilege

**Protect confidential information** 

Discuss qualifications, competence, performance of employee

Investigate complaint or grievance by or against employee

Negotiate employment contract with employee



#### **Closed Sessions**

- Appoint or dismiss director
- Approve director's salary
- Discuss personnel policies
- Appoint board member
- Remove board member



## Questions?

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