## **FLSA SELF-TEST**

1.	A position is considered exempt for FLSA purposes when the employee is paid on a salaried
	basis.
	True False
2.	An employer (circle one) can/cannot require its exempt employees to turn in timesheets.
3	A government employer (circle one) can/cannot require employees to use accumulated
	comp time before using sick or vacation leave.
4.	An employer may dock the pay of an exempt employee taking three-hours of
	intermittent FMLA leave each week.
	True False
5.	If a full-time government employee takes a second, part-time job in a different department,
	she does not have to be paid overtime for hours over 40
	True False
6.	Half-day disciplinary suspensions are permissible for exempt employees, but not for
	nonexempt employees.
	True False
7.	If an exempt employee loses or destroys a department laptop, the replacement value may be
	deducted from the employee's next paycheck.
	True False
8.	Supervisors may be held personally liable for violations of the Fair Labor Standards Act.
	True False