Domestic Violence	
The dynamics of domestic	
violence relationships	
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Agenda	
THE CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE	
What acts constitute Domestic Violence?How does he control her?	
■ Why does she stay?	
■ What can you do?	
2	
What is Domestic Violence?	
■ Domestic Violence is when two people get into an	
■ Domestic Violence is when two people get into an intimate relationship and one person uses a pattern of coercion and control against the other person during the relationship has	
emotional, or economic abuse.	
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Definition G.S. 50B-1	
 Read the definition of Domestic Violence found in G.S. 50B-1. 	
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What acts constitute DV?	
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Based on these definitions, in small groups brainstorm the answers to the following questions:	
What acts do you qualify as "domestic violence"?	
What frustrates you about dealing with DV cases?	
We will hear and record ideas from each group.	
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Power and Control - Abusers believe they	-
have a right to control their partners by: ■ Making rules and expecting obedience (the	
rules can change) ■ Using force to maintain power and control	
over partners Feeling their partners have no right to	
challenge their rules Feeling justified making the victim comply	
 Blaming the abuse on the partner and not accepting responsibility for wrongful acts 	

Tactics used by Batterers	
■ Isolation ■ Using privilege ■ Emotional abuse ■ Sexual abuse	
■ Economic abuse ■ Threats	
■ Intimidation ■ Physical abuse	
■ Using children or pets	
7	
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Case Study Questions	
 In your group, identify two tactics used by the batterer in this case study that exemplify your assigned area of the 	
Power and Control Wheel.	
■ You will need a spokesperson from your group.	-
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Why does she stay?	
EXERCISE	

What happened? Think about what just happened. In small groups discuss: If you left where did you see yourself going? Each time you stayed or left, what did you base your decision on? How hard was it to decide what to do? Did you ever say to yourself, "I'm being abused or battered"? What insights did you gain?

What can you do?

- Read these handouts on Do's and Don'ts.
- In pairs, name one thing you will do differently in your work with DV cases in the future based on what you have learned today.
- You will be asked to share your answers with the large group.

11

Class Summary

- DV is prevalent in the US and in NC
 - Almost 20 people per minute physically abused by partner (more than 10 million per year)
- DV is a pattern of abusive and coercive behavior to maintain power and control
- There are many misconceptions about DV
- Stranger and Domestic Violence are similar, but experienced differently by perpetrator, victim, and the community.

A word about trauma

- One of the original ACE's questions
- Present in every case
- What does trauma do?
 - To the victim?
 - To you?
- Self care

13

Resources for your trauma

- The Body Keeps Score, by Bessel Van Der Kolk, M.D.
- What Happened to You, by Bruce Perry and Oprah Winfrey
- iChill app
- "Caring for You" handouts
 - Virus Fatigue Workgroup, Covid-19 Task Force
 - <u>www.nccourts.org</u>

14

Judicial employees can send a powerful message by:

- Focusing on the trauma
- Focusing on children's needs.
- Prioritizing safety.
- Having a supportive demeanor.
- Taking the violence seriously.
- Recommending women to community resources.
- Refusing to joke or bond with violent men.

But Remember

- Recanting/minimizing is normal and often a survival technique.
- Certain members of the case may be impacting the victim's ability to speak freely.
- We will probably NEVER understand the motives/situations of either perpetrator or victim.
- Try to be patient. You may save a life!