## Understanding Small Voices

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#### Small Voices...

- □ The devil came when I was on the potty and squeezed my pee-pee out. . .Know something. . God was asleep when it happened Paula age 4
- He put a pencil in my bottom. Sarah age 4
- Snakes came out of my bottom. They were big and small... Jordan age 3
- He put his finger in my butt hole. He did it harder and harder. . . Sally age 4
- Carlos did it . . .followed pointing at stepdad's penis and mouth and then went to toilet and made gagging and retching noises.. . . Juan, age 31/2

# Children do not communicate like adults but we still expect them to...

## Classifications of Young Children

Infancy

Very Young Children (18-36 months)

Young Children (3-5 years)

# Studies of language development are generally of white middle class children

Disagreement regarding actual age of acquisition

#### Infancy

- Physical signs
- Eyewitness account
- May react to physical presence
  - Child screams when abuser enters hospital room

## Very Young Children (18-36 months)

- Behavior is their language
- Most vulnerable group
  - Greatest need of protection
- Short attention span
- Unintelligible speech

## Very Young Children (continued)

- Are unable to talk about their experiences in language necessary for documentation
  - Limited language (capable of simple words and sentences, and identifying simple pictures)
- Inability to report concepts (who, what, where)

# Remember: For very young children behavior is their language

## Questions for Caregivers

Sexualized behaviors

Signs of anxiety

Fears

Play behavior

#### Evaluators want to know:

- Where are the data?
- Child Behavior Checklist
- Child Sexual Behavior Inventory
- Trauma Symptom Checklist for Young Children
- Developmental history
- Risk factors

#### What to Do?

- Court-ordered plan
- Emphasis on child's safety
- Buying time
- Monitor over time
- Adjust time and contact as safe

# Young Children (3-5 years)

- Are in a transition and in process of acquiring interview skills
- Significant jump fron age 3 to 4
- Highly imaginative
- Answers focused questions
- □ Correct use of pronouns (4 ½ to 5 ½)
- Comparisons (bigger, smaller)
- Generally have a good working vocabulary
- Generally can tell: who, what, where

## Young Children (continued)

- Are unable to tell: how many, when, how many times
- Have difficulty with questions focusing on: beginning, middle, end
- Concrete telling only what is important to them e.g. "He peed in my mouth"
- Not strong with spontaneous narrative
- Speak disjointedly, fragmented style
- Assess for: "show me" (generally by the age of 4)
- Understand concept of truth/ lie (5) unable to define words
- Keep child focused on the topic
  - Ex. "Now we will talk about..."

#### Must Recognize

- No perfect interview
- Rapport building is critical in understanding the child's development and how he/she communicates
- Not the number of interviews but the number of interviewers
- How did child disclose? (Spontaneous vs. nod of head)

## Must Recognize (continued)

- Elements of fantasy do not discount a child's disclosure of sexual abuse
- Assess for suggestibility use strategies to assess
- Child needs memory triggers i.e. dolls, photographs
- Use of scaffolding (more questions, more props)

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## Thank you Sandra Hewitt