# Changes in North Carolina's First Appearance Process Thomas H. Thornburg Professor of Public Law and Government October 1, 2021 WWW.sog.unc.edu

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# What is First Appearance?

- Where criminal defendants in custody prior to adjudication are taken before a judicial official for review of any bond previously set for them and a determination that detention is warranted before adjudication of their charges.
- Typically advised of rights and informed about court process ahead.

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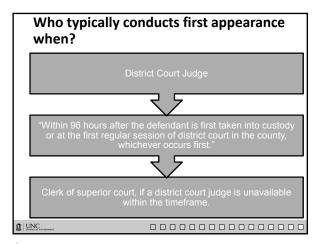
■ NCGS 15A-601

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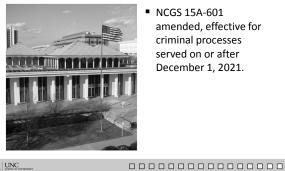
# Versus Initial Appearance First Appearance is a procedural safeguard that follows arrest and initial appearance. In initial appearance, magistrate typically sets release conditions. Release conditions, such as bond, affect whether a defendant is detained or released.

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# **Changes made by General Assembly**



■ NCGS 15A-601 amended, effective for criminal processes served on or after December 1, 2021.

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# To include those charged with misdemeanors who are in custody

- Amends GS 15A-601(a) to include defendants charged with misdemeanors and held in custody via a magistrate's order, citation, or warrant for arrest.
- Now is limited to defendants with felony charges.

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# Changes Timeframe for Requiring First Appearance

- Amends GS 15A-601(c) to state that a "first appearance... must be held within <u>72 hours</u> after the defendant is first taken into custody or at the first regular session of district court in the county, whichever occurs first."
- Now 96 hours.

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# Expands judicial officials who may conduct first appearance

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- Amends GS 15A-601(e) to add magistrates as officials who may conduct first appearance if the clerk is not available.
- Now, just clerk of superior court, if district court judge is unavailable.
- Both the clerk and a magistrate must conduct first appearance as a district court judge would.

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**Basics of First Appearance** 

- To assure defendant's right to counsel for the next stages of the proceedings.
- To determine sufficiency of charge (NOT probable cause of charge).
- To inform defendant of charges and furnish a copy of charges.
- To determine or review defendant's eligibility for release on bail.
- To set date for, or secure waiver of, probable cause hearing. NCGS Ch. 15A, Art. 29.

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# Effective Date ■ Effective for criminal processes served on or after December 1, 2021. ■ We should expect some guidance from AOC in their legislative summaries. And possibly from chief district court judges. 10 Issues

- What happens if a defendant is in custody, so a first appearance is set, and then released before first appearance and doesn't appear?
- Can a magistrate review release conditions set by a fellow magistrate? When should they not? Can a magistrate review release conditions they set themselves?
- Ongoing policy conversation about bond and when people charged with crimes should be detained before disposition of charges.

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### **Resources**

- Clerks have some guidance in their manual, which I am assessing.
- Should expect forms and other guidance from AOC.

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