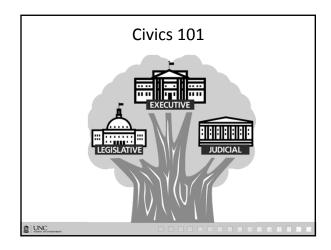
# Navigating the Labyrinth: A Clerk's Guide to the Legislative Process **Norma Houston** 2014 Municipal & County Administration Today We'll Discuss • The Institution • The People Who Serve Sessions • How Laws Are Made • Local Bills • Navigating the Legislature THE





# What Do You Think?



How many legislators serve in the General Assembly?

- 1. 50
- 2. 100
- 3. 120
- 4. 170

# What Do You Think?



What is a legislator's annual salary?

- 1. \$14,000
- 2. \$50,000
- 3. \$75,000
- 4. \$100,000

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### **Bi-Cameral Structure**





	Senate	House
Members	50	120
Presiding Officer	Lt. Governor	Speaker
Elected Chamber Leader	President <i>Pro</i> <i>Tempore</i>	Speaker
Term	2 years	2 years
Annual Salary	\$13,951	\$13,951
District Population	190,710	79,462







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#### What Do You Think?



What happens to most bills?

- 1. They pass
- 2. They are voted down
- 3. They aren't voted on at all

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What Do You Think?



The NC Constitution limits the length of a legislative session to:

- 1. 6 months
- 2. 9 months
- 3. No limit

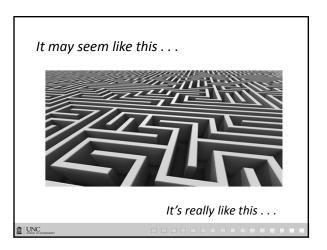
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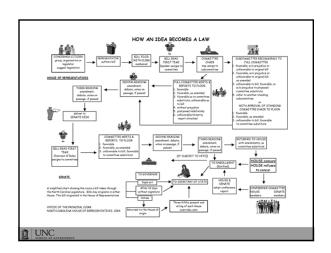
### Three Types of Sessions

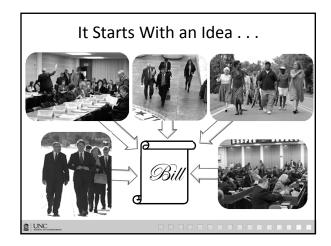
- 1. Regular Session
  - "Long Session" 1st Year of biennium in odd-numbered year
  - "Short Session" -2nd Year of biennium in evennumbered year
- 2. Veto Session
- 3. Extra Session ("Special Session")











#### How A Bill Becomes Law



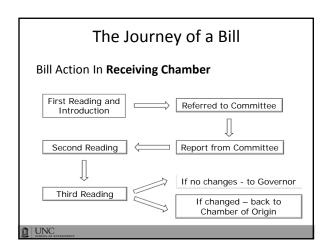
- Member introduces
- Read three times in each chamber

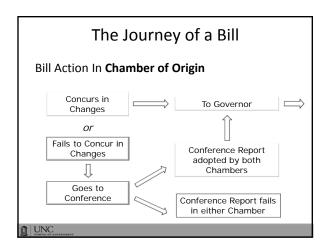


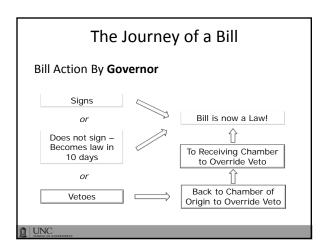
- Approved by both chambers
- Most public bills must be signed (or not vetoed) by the Governor to become law

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# The Journey of a Bill Bill Action In Chamber of Origin First Reading and Introduction Second Reading Referred to Committee Report from Committee Third Reading To other Chamber







# CONGRATULATIONS!

# What Do You Think?



Can the Governor veto any bill?

- a. Yes
- b. No

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# Bills Not Subject to Veto

- Local bills (applying in fewer than 15 counties)
- Resolutions
- State and federal constitutional amendments
- Bills *only* making appointments by General Assembly
- Legislative or congressional redistricting

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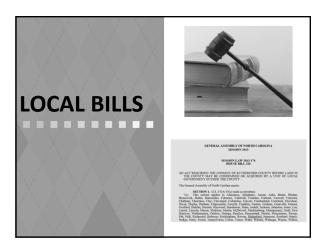
#### From Bill to Session Law

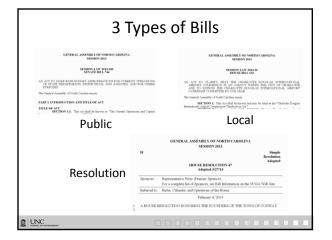
- Session Laws Laws enacted during a particular session of the General Assembly
- Enacted bills assigned a "Chapter" number in sequential order of enactment

Example: S.L. 2015-100

"Session Law" Year Chapter

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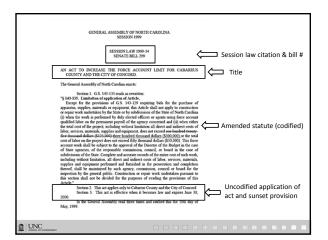


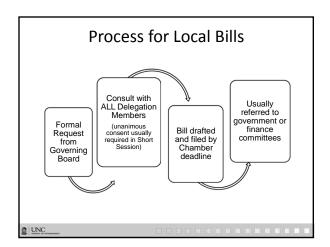


#### What is a Local Bill?

- Fewer than **15 counties** (for rules and veto)
- Geographic application less than statewide (for constitutional restrictions)
- Most tax, debt, and annexation bills must be read on separate days in each chamber ("roll call")
- Sometimes grants special authority or exception to a law: "This act applies to/does not apply to Moore County"
- Typically (but not always) is not codified

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#### What Local Bills Can't Do

N.C. Constitution Art. II, Sec. 24

- Health, sanitation, and nuisance abatement
- Changing the names of municipalities
- Opening or closing specific streets
- Ferries , bridges, and nonnavigable streams
- Relating to cemeteries
- Setting the pay of jurors
- Drawing the lines of school districts
- Refunding taxes or remitting fines, penalties, and forfeitures
- Regulating labor, trade, mining, or manufacturing
- Extending the time for tax collection
- Ad valorem taxes
- Giving effect to informal wills and deeds
- Granting a divorces or legitimizing bastards
- Changing names or restoring citizenship rights to felons

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#### Know The Place and The People

- Be **aware** of deadlines, process, rules, and ethics laws
- Get to know . . .
  - Leadership, chairmen and members of relevant committees
  - Legislative assistants
  - Legislative staff, especially those with key committees
  - Chamber officers and their staff
- Respect their time!




#### **Effective Communication**

#### The "3 C's":

- Clear Be specific in making your request
- Concise Provide short written materials
- Consistent Avoid changing and conflicting messages



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#### **Lobbying and Ethics**

- Lawful and ethical lobbying is part of legislative process
- Local officials and employees are not lobbyists when lobbying in connection with official duties
- Contractors advocating on behalf of local governments are lobbyists and the local government client is a lobbyist principal



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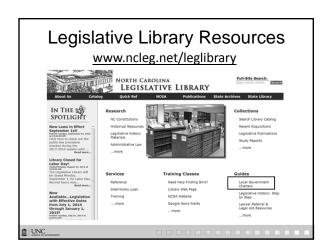
#### **Lobbying and Ethics**

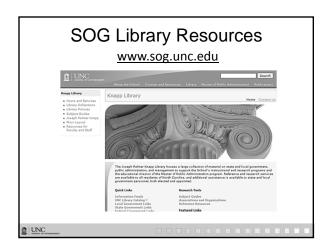
- Local government employee whose primary job duties including lobbying the legislature is a local government liaison
- Lobbyists, Lobbyist Principals, and Local Government Liaisons must register and report lobbying expenses; cannot give gifts



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# Thank You!



The Regular Session reconvened on Wednesday, January 14, 2015, at 9:00a.m.

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