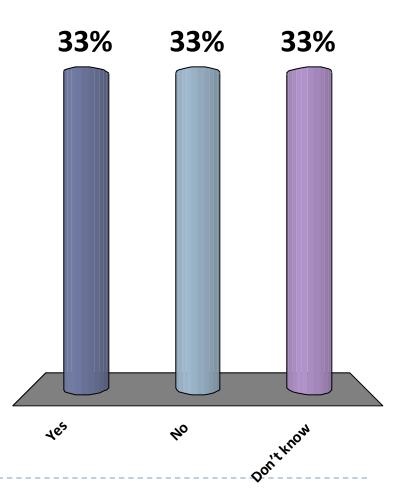
Legal Issues in Enforcement

Question 1

- Show cause issued for contempt for failure to pay child support
- Dad filed motion to terminate support and requested blood tests
- Paternity and support order entered by consent 4 years ago
- "She told me 3 months ago that I am not dad."

Do you order blood tests?

- I. Yes
- 2. No
- 3. Don't know



- Correct answer is No
- See Bright v. Fleskrud, 148 NC App 710 (2002)
- See discussion in Bench Book Family Law Volume Paternity Chapter p. 12-13; 12-20

- "Once paternity order is entered, court cannot order genetic testing under GS 8-50.1(b1) until paternity order is set aside pursuant to Rule 60(b)."
 - Bright v. Flaskrud, 148 NC App 710 (2002)
- Paternity must be attacked in case establishing paternity.
 - See Leach v. Alford, 63 NC App 118 (1983)
 - No collateral attack; must be filed in case establishing paternity
 - See Reid v. Dixon, 136 NC App 438 (2000)
 - No collateral attack of paternity in UIFSA enforcement proceeding

Within one year – Rule 60(b)(1), (2) and (3)

- Mistake
 - See Leach v. Alford (motion based on "mutual mistake as to paternity")
- Excusable neglect
- Newly discovered evidence
 - See Leach (blood test result may be newly discovered evidence)
- Fraud, misrepresentation or misconduct

Within "reasonable" time - Rule 60(b)(6)

- For "any other reason" (compelling)
- Meritorious defense
- Broad discretion to grant or deny
- But not intended to cover situations that would be covered under 60(b)(1), (2) or (3)
 - Davis v. Adams, 153 NC App 512 (2002)

Acknowledgment GS 110-132

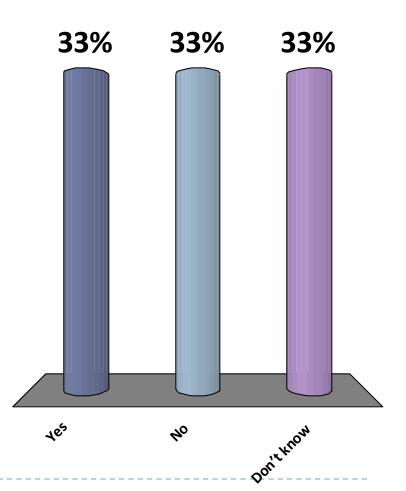
- Can be rescinded within 60 days of execution
- After 60 days, can be challenged for "fraud, duress, mistake or excusable neglect"
- Subject to one-year time limit of Rule 60(b)(1),(2) and (3)
 - Stevons v. Charles, 182 NC App 505 (2007)

Question #2

- Order: Dad pay medical expenses plus \$200 per month
- Mom: Dad stopped paying when he lost job in landscaping: he has work skills in furniture industry; he is young and 'able-bodied'
- Dad:"I don't like to work inside" Still looking for outdoor job.
- Is this enough to support finding of contempt?

Enough for Contempt?

- I. Yes
- 2. No
- 3. Don't know



Question #2

Answer is No

- Facts like this are not enough alone to support finding that dad's noncompliance was willful, or that he has the present ability to comply with a purge condition (civil contempt)
- See Clark. Gragg, 171 NC App 120(2005)
- See Discussion in Bench Book Family Law Volume Child Support Chapter p. 3-199; 3-209-10

Civil Contempt

- Order remains in effect
- Purpose of order may still be served by compliance
- Noncompliance is willful; and
- Obligor has present ability to comply or to take reasonable steps to comply
 - GS 5A-21(a)

Civil Contempt

Willfulness – 2 required findings:

- Actual ability to comply at time of default, and
- Deliberate and intentional failure to comply



Civil Contempt

Evidence to support finding of ability to comply:

- "able-bodied" insufficient
- "some income" insufficient
- Need "inventory of obligor's financial condition"
 - Mauney, 268 NC 254 (1966)

Burden of Proof

- Initiated by show cause order: burden on obligor
- Initiated by aggrieved party pursuant to GS 5A-23(a1): burden on aggrieved party

Burden of Proof

• Either case:

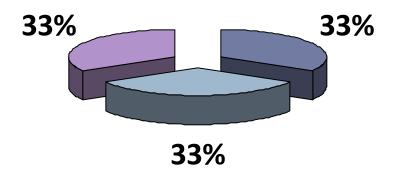
- Order must contain findings re: willful noncompliance and present ability to pay, and
- Evidence must support the findings
 - GS 5A-23(e)

Question #3

- Show cause issued for contempt
- Alleges defendant in arrears six months
- Defendant does not show for hearing
- Can you issue an order for arrest?

Can you issue order for arrest?

- I. Yes
- 2. No
- 3. Don't know



Question #3

- Answer is yes can issue order for arrest
 - Civil contempt:
 - failure to appear and court determines defendant's presence is necessary to proceed; GS 15A-305(b)(7)
 - See Bench Book Child Support Chapter p. 3-203
 - Criminal contempt:
 - Must find probable cause to believe defendant will not appear?? GS 5A-16(b); GS 15A-305(b)(8)
 - See Bench Book Child Support Chapter p. 3-218

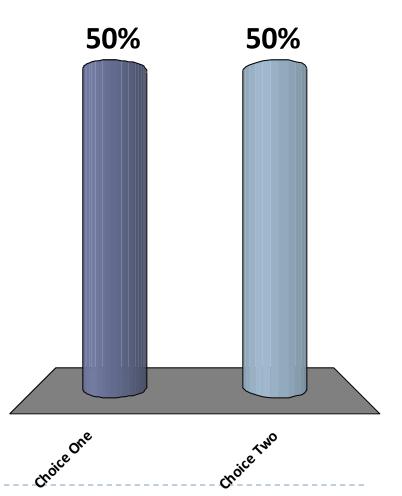
Question #3a

Would you

- Choice #1: issue order for arrest and set new hearing date for contempt?
- Choice #2: Proceed with contempt hearing without him?

Please make your selection...

- I. Choice One
- 2. Choice Two



Question #3b

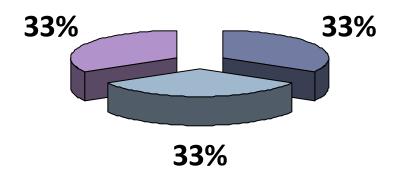
- Assume you order arrest
- You must set conditions of pretrial release pursuant to GS 15A-534
- Your order includes bond
- Defendant posted bond to secure release
- At contempt hearing, can you order bond paid to custodial parent in satisfaction of arrears?

Does mom get the bond?

- I. Yes
- 2. No

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3. Maybe



Question #3b

- Answer is No
- Bond posted pursuant to GS 15A-534 is an appearance bond.
- If bond forfeited, money goes to schools
- If bond returned to obligor before contempt hearing:
 - May be considered when determining ability to pay
 - May be subject to garnishment

See Bench Book Child Support p. 3-203; 3-218

Bonds to Secure Support

Compare Compliance Bonds

- GS 50-13.4(f)(1)
- See Bench Book Child Support p. 3-229

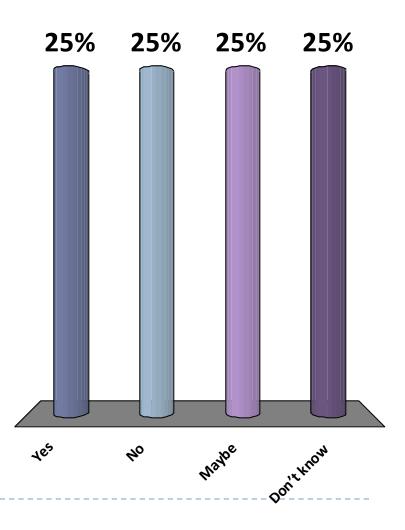
Compare Appeal Bonds

- Clark v. Gragg, 171 NC App 120 (2005)
- GS I-289(a) allows bond to stay contempt order of incarceration pending appeal
- Okay to order bond in full amount of arrears, payable directly to custodial parent if contempt order affirmed on appeal

- Support order reduced arrears to judgment
- Judgment orders defendant to pay \$15,000 to plaintiff
- Mom files motion for civil contempt, alleging defendant has not paid judgment
- Can you consider contempt in this case?

Contempt?

- I. Yes
- 2. No
- 3. Maybe
- 4. Don't know



Question 4

- Answer is No
- Cannot use contempt to enforce a judgment unless the judgment orders periodic payments
 - See Brown v. Brown, 171 NC App 358 (2005)
 - GS 50-13.4