

Conditional Discharges and Expunction

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Overview

- What is a conditional discharge?
- All the conditional discharges
- Eligibility
- Conditional discharge probation
- Recurrent issues and FAQs
- Expunctions

Deferrals Generally

Conditional discharge

Charge

Conviction
(guilty plea
(verdict))

Sentencing

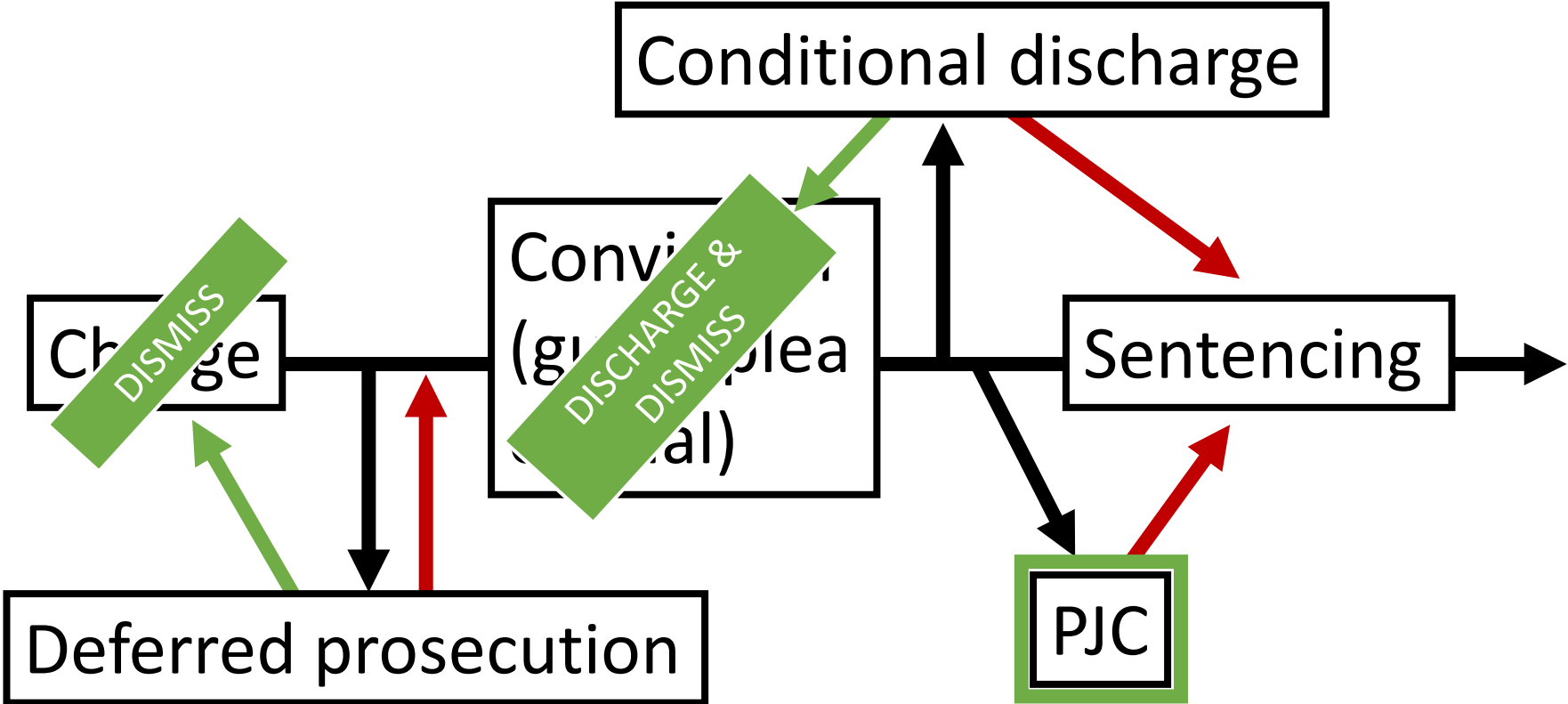
Deferred prosecution

PJC

DISMISS

DISCHARGE &
DISMISS

PJC



It's not a deferred prosecution if the court accepts a guilty plea.
State v. Ross, 173 N.C. App. 569 (2005).

Conditional discharge

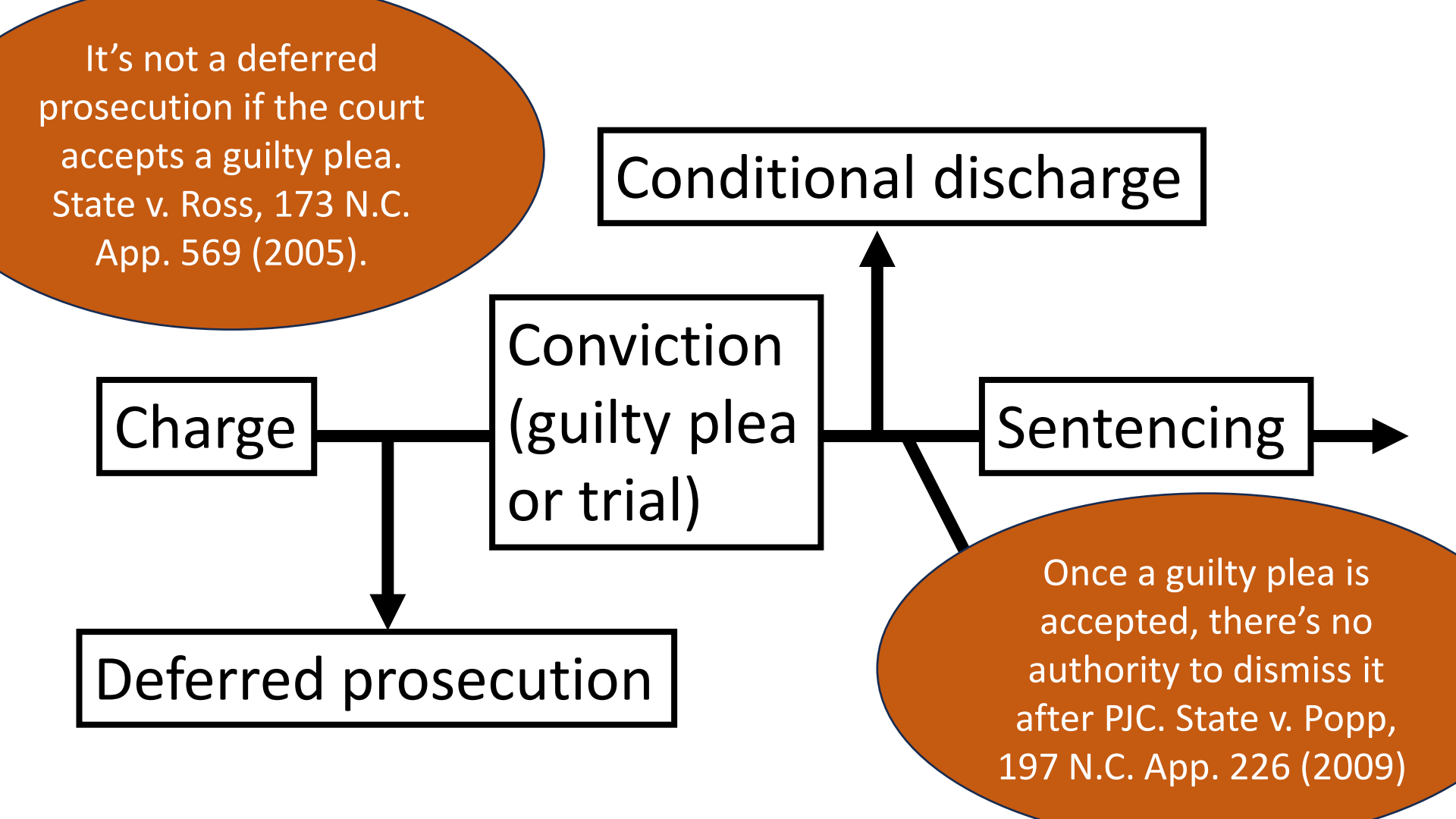
Charge

Conviction
(guilty plea
or trial)

Sentencing

Deferred prosecution

Once a guilty plea is accepted, there's no authority to dismiss it after PJC. State v. Popp, 197 N.C. App. 226 (2009)



Conditional Discharge

All the Conditional Discharges

- G.S. 90-96(a) and (a1) Drug possession/paraphernalia
- G.S. 90-113.14 Toxic vapor offenses
- G.S. 15A-1341(a4) Misdemeanors and Class H/I felonies
- G.S. 15A-1341(a5) Accountability and recovery court
- G.S. 15A-1341(a3) Prostitution
- G.S. 14-50.29 Gang offenders under age 18
- G.S. 14-277.8 Threats of mass violence under age 20
- G.S. 14-313(f) Tobacco purchase
- G.S. 14-458.1, -458.2 Cyberbullying under age 18

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AOC Forms (Granting)

- G.S. 90-96(a) AOC-CR-619
- G.S. 90-96(a1) AOC-CR-627
- G.S. 15A-1341(a4) AOC-CR-632
- G.S. 15A-1341(a5) AOC-CR-633
- G.S. 15A-1341(a3) AOC-CR-628
- G.S. 14-50.29 AOC-CR-621
- G.S. 14-277.8 AOC-CR-636

Eligibility

Eligible Offenses

- **G.S. 90-96**
 - Drug possession
 - Possession of drug paraphernalia

Eligible Defendants

- **G.S. 90-96(a)**

- No prior felony convictions of any kind
 - A joined conviction for sale of cocaine is not a “previous” conviction. *State v. Campbell*, 285 N.C. App. 480 (2022)
- No prior misdemeanor drug convictions
- No prior discharge and dismissal under G.S. 90-96

- **G.S. 90-96(a1)**

- Same, but 7-year lookback period on prior convictions and prior conditional discharges

G.S. 90-96(a) Is Mandatory

- “Whenever any [eligible person] pleads guilty to or is found guilty of [and eligible offense], the court shall, without entering a judgment of guilt and with the consent of the person, defer further proceedings and place the person on probation upon such reasonable terms and conditions as it may require, unless the court determines with a written finding, and with the agreement of the District Attorney, that the offender is inappropriate for a conditional discharge for factors related to the offense.”

G.S. 90-96(a) Is Mandatory

“[For eligible defendants,] the court shall, without entering a judgment of guilt and with the consent of the person, defer further proceedings... unless the court determines with a written finding, and with the agreement of the District Attorney, that the offender is inappropriate for a conditional discharge for factors related to the offense.”



G.S. 90-96(a) Is Mandatory

13. did not grant a conditional discharge under G.S. 90-96(a) because (check all that apply) ☐ the defendant refused to consent. ☐ the Court finds, with the agreement of the District Attorney, that the offender is inappropriate for a conditional discharge for factors related to the offense.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA										File No.	
County _____ Seat of Court _____										In the General Court of Justice	
NOTE: (Use AOC-CR-310 for DWI offenses.)										☐ District ☐ Superior Court Division	
STATE VERSUS										JUDGMENT SUSPENDING SENTENCE - FELONY	
Name Of Defendant _____										PUNISHMENT: ☐ COMMUNITY ☐ INTERMEDIATE	
Reason For State _____ Sex _____ Date Of Birth _____										(STRUCTURED SENTENCING)	
Def Found Not Indigent ☐ Def Waives Attorney ☐ Attorney For Defendant _____										(For Offenses Committed On Or After Dec. 1, 2023)	
The defendant was found guilty/responsible, pursuant to _____ plea _____ (pursuant to Aforti) _____ (of no contest) _____										G.S. 15A-1341, -1342, -1343, -1343.2, -1346	
File No. (s) _____ Offense Description _____ Offense Date _____ G.S. No. _____ F/M _____ CL _____ Pun. Cl. _____										Appointed Retained _____	
NOTE: Enter punishment class if different from underlying offense class (punishment class represents a status or enhancement). The Court _____ has determined, pursuant to G.S. 15A-1340.14, the prior record points of the defendant to be _____ Any prior record point under G.S. 15A-1340.14(b)(7) is based on the determination of this issue by the trier of fact beyond a reasonable doubt or the defendant's admission to this issue.										PRIOR RECORD LEVEL: ☐ I ☐ II ☐ III ☐ IV ☐ V ☐ VI	
NOTE: Block 1 or 2 MUST be checked: ☐ 1. makes no written findings because the prison term imposed is within the presumptive range of sentences authorized under G.S. 15A-1340.17(c). ☐ 2. makes the Determination of aggravating and mitigating factors on the attached AOC-CR-605. ☐ 3. makes the Findings of Extraordinary Mitigation set forth on the attached AOC-CR-606. ☐ 4. imposes sentence under _____ G.S. 90-95(h)(5), pursuant to its finding that the defendant has provided substantial assistance. ☐ 5. adjudges the defendant to be _____ only one _____ a habitual felon to be sentenced four classes higher than the principal felony (no higher than Class C). ☐ 6. finds enhancement pursuant to: _____ G.S. 90-95(e)(3) (drugs). _____ G.S. 14-3(c) (male crime). _____ G.S. 50B-4.1 (domestic violence). ☐ 7. finds the above-designated offense(s) is a reportable conviction under G.S. 14-208.5 and therefore imposes the special conditions of probation set forth on the attached AOC-CR-603E, Page Two, Side Two, and makes the additional findings and orders on the attached AOC-CR-615, Side Two. ☐ 8. finds the above-captioned offense(s) involve the (check all that apply) _____ physical or mental _____ sexual _____ abuse of a minor. ☐ 9. finds that a _____ motor vehicle _____ commercial motor vehicle _____ was used in the commission of the offense and that it shall be reported to DMV. ☐ 10. finds this is an offense involving assault, communicating a threat, or an act defined in G.S. 50B-1(a), and the defendant had a personal relationship as defined by G.S. 50B-1(b) with the victim. ☐ 11. finds that the offense was committed as part of criminal gang activity as defined in G.S. 14-50.16A(2) _____ and that the defendant was a criminal gang leader or organizer as defined in G.S. 14-50.16A(3). This finding is based on the determination of this issue by the trier of fact beyond a reasonable doubt or on the defendant's admission. G.S. 15A-1340.16E. ☐ 12. finds the above-designated offense(s) involved criminal gang activity. G.S. 14-50.25. ☐ 13. did not grant a conditional discharge under G.S. 90-96(a) because (check all that apply) _____ the defendant refused to consent. _____ the Court finds, with the agreement of the District Attorney, that the offender is inappropriate for a conditional discharge for factors related to the offense. ☐ 14. finds that the defendant used or displayed a firearm while committing the felony. G.S. 15A-1382.2. ☐ 15. finds that the offense involved child abuse or assault or an act defined in G.S. 50B-1(a) against a minor. G.S. 15A-1382.1(a1).										The Court, having considered evidence, arguments of counsel and statements of defendant, Orders that the above offenses, if more than one, be consolidated for judgment and the defendant be imprisoned _____ for a minimum term of _____ months _____ for a maximum term of _____ months in the custody of the NC DAC. _____ This sentence shall run at the expiration of sentence imposed in file number _____ The defendant shall be given credit for _____ days spent in confinement prior to the date of this charge(s) as a result of this charge(s) to be applied toward the _____ sentence imposed above _____ imprisonment required for special probation set forth on AOC-CR-603E, Page Two. SUSPENSION OF SENTENCE Subject to the conditions set out below, the execution of this sentence is suspended and the defendant is placed on _____ supervised _____ unsupervised probation for _____ months. ☐ 1. The Court finds that a _____ longer _____ shorter period of probation is necessary than that which is specified in G.S. 15A-1343.2(d). ☐ 2. The Court finds that it is NOT appropriate to delegate to the Division of Community Supervision and Reentry the authority to impose any of the requirements in G.S. 15A-1343.2(e) for community punishment or G.S. 15A-1343.2(f) for intermediate punishment. ☐ 3. This period of probation shall begin _____ when the defendant is released from incarceration _____ at the expiration of the sentence _____ in the case below. File No. _____ Offense _____ County _____ Court _____ Date _____ ☐ 4. The defendant shall comply with the conditions set forth in file number _____ ☐ 5. The defendant shall provide a DNA sample pursuant to G.S. 15A-209.2 (AOC-CR-319 required). MONETARY CONDITIONS The defendant shall pay to the Clerk of Superior Court the "Total Amount Due" shown below, plus the probation supervision fee if placed on supervised probation above, pursuant to a schedule _____ determined by the probation officer. _____ set out by the court as follows: Costs \$ _____ Fine \$ _____ Restitution* \$ _____ Attorney's Fees \$ _____ Comm Serv Fee \$ _____ Ethn Fee \$ _____ SBM Fee \$ _____ Appt Fee/Misc \$ _____ Total Amount Due \$ _____ *See attached "Restitution Worksheet, Notice And Order (Initial Sentencing)" AOC-CR-611, which is incorporated by reference. ☐ The Court finds just cause to waive costs, as ordered on the attached _____ AOC-CR-618. _____ Other: _____ ☐ Upon payment of the "Total Amount Due," the probation officer may transfer the defendant to unsupervised probation. Mandatory appeals: corrected wording to be designated as surplage. AOC-CR-603E, New 12/23, © 2023 Administrative Office of the Courts (20a)	

G.S. 90-96(a) Is Mandatory

13. If this box goes unchecked for an otherwise eligible defendant, the defendant could challenge the conviction later. State v. Dail, 255 N.C. App. 645 (2017)

the offender is inappropriate for a conditional discharge for factors related to the offense.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

County _____ Seat of Court _____

NOTE: (Use AOC-CR-310 for DWI offenses.) ☐ District ☐ Superior Court Division

In the General Court of Justice

STATE VERSUS _____

Name Of Defendant _____

JUDGMENT SUSPENDING SENTENCE - FELONY
PUNISHMENT: ☐ COMMUNITY ☐ INTERMEDIATE (STRUCTURED SENTENCING)

After Dec. 1, 2023
1342 - 1343 - 1343.2 - 1346

Appointed ☐ Retained ☐ Total by jury of _____

F/M CL Pun. CL

IOR ☐ I ☐ III ☐ V
CORD ☐ II ☐ IV ☐ VI
VEL: ☐ I ☐ II ☐ III ☐ IV ☐ V ☐ VI

Per G.S. 15A-1340.17(c): _____

stance: _____

felony (no higher than Class C): _____

to: (violation): _____

admission: _____

conditions of probation set d/AOC-CR-615, Side Two, prior: _____

Page Two, Side Two: _____

shall be reported to DMV: _____

had a personal relationship: _____

on the determination of: _____

13.4. The Court, having considered evidence, arguments of counsel and statement of defendant, Orders that the above offenses, if more than one, be consolidated for judgment and the defendant be imprisoned _____

for a minimum term of _____ months for a maximum term of _____ months in the custody of the NC DAC.

The defendant shall be given credit for _____ days spent in confinement prior to the date of this Judgment as a result of this charge(s) to be applied toward the _____ sentence imposed above. ☐ Imprisonment required for special probation set forth on AOC-CR-603E, Page Two.

SUSPENSION OF SENTENCE

Subject to the conditions set out below, the execution of this sentence is suspended and the defendant is placed on ☐ supervised ☐ unsupervised probation for _____ months.

1. The Court finds that a ☐ longer ☐ shorter period of probation is necessary than that which is specified in G.S. 15A-1343.2(d).

2. The Court finds that it is NOT appropriate to delegate to the Division of Community Supervision and Reentry the authority to impose any of the requirements in G.S. 15A-1343.2(e) for community punishment or G.S. 15A-1343.2(f) for intermediate punishment.

3. This period of probation shall begin ☐ when the defendant is released from incarceration ☐ at the expiration of the sentence in the case below.

File No: _____ Offense: _____ County: _____ Court: _____ Date: _____

4. The defendant shall comply with the conditions set forth in file number _____

5. The defendant shall provide a DNA sample pursuant to G.S. 15A-206.2 (AOC-CR-319 required)

MONETARY CONDITIONS

The defendant shall pay to the Clerk of Superior Court the "Total Amount Due" shown below, plus the probation supervision fee if placed on supervised probation above, pursuant to a schedule ☐ determined by the probation officer. ☐ set out by the court as follows:

Costs	Fine	Restitution*	Attorney's Fees	Comm Serv Fee	Enth Fee	SBM Fee	Appt Fee/Misc	Total Amount Due
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

*See attached "Restitution Worksheet, Notice and Order (Initial Sentencing)" AOC-CR-611, which is incorporated by reference.

☐ The Court finds just cause to waive costs, as ordered on the attached ☐ AOC-CR-618. ☐ Other: _____

Upon payment of the "Total Amount Due," the probation officer may transfer the defendant to unsupervised probation.

Minor typographical corrections to be designated as surpluses.

AOC-CR-603E, New 12/23, © 2023 Administrative Office of the Courts (2024)

G.S. 90-96(a) Is Mandatory

- **Defendant must consent . . .**
 - But, that does not mean the defendant must initiate the request for conditional discharge
 - The court must consider any eligible defendant for conditional discharge, and grant it unless both judge and State agree the person is inappropriate
 - State v. Verdi, ____ N.C. App. ____ (Oct. 1, 2025)

Eligible Defendants

- **G.S. 90-96(a)**

- No prior felony convictions of any kind
 - A joined conviction for sale of cocaine is not a “previous” conviction. State v. Campbell, 285 N.C. App. 480 (2022)
- No prior misdemeanor drug convictions
- No prior discharge and dismissal under G.S. 90-96

- **G.S. 90-96(a1)**

- Same, but 7-year lookback period on prior convictions and prior conditional discharges

Query of Confidential AOC File

- **G.S. 15A-151(a)(9).** For disclosure of records of previous dismissal pursuant to conditional discharge, upon joint request of the district attorney and the defendant in a pending proceeding for the purpose of determining eligibility for a conditional discharge. Any report disclosed in response to the joint request shall be delivered only to the clerk of superior court of the county in which the matter is pending. Upon receipt of the report from the Administrative Office of the Courts, the clerk shall provide a copy to the district attorney and to the defendant.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

File No.

County

In The General Court Of Justice

☐ District

☐ Superior Court Division

STATE VERSUS

Name Of Defendant

Drivers License No.

State

Race

Sex

Date Of Birth

Full Social Security No.

Age At Time Of Offense

Attorney For State

☐ Def. Found
Not Indigent

☐ Def. Waived
Attorney

Attorney For Defendant

☐ Appointed
☐ Retained

Crt Rptr Initials

G.S. 15A-151

REQUEST FOR REPORT OF CONDITIONAL DISCHARGE

Request Type: (required)

☐ Regular

☐ Expedited for defendant's court appearance on (date)

**Required For
Expedited Requests:**

Name/Title Of Person Transmitting Request

Fax No. For Returning Report*

Phone No. Of Clerk To Receive Fax

***NOTE:** The NCAOC will fax an expedited report only to a fax number in the office of the clerk. NCAOC will call the clerk at the number provided above when faxing the report.

COURT'S FINDINGS AND REQUEST

The Court hereby finds that:

1. The defendant has been charged with an offense that may qualify the defendant for a conditional discharge under: (one of the following **must** be checked) ☐ G.S. 90-96. ☐ G.S. 90-113.14. ☐ G.S. 14-50.29. ☐ G.S. 14-204. ☐ G.S. 14-277.8. ☐ G.S. 14-313. ☐ G.S. 15A-1341.
2. In the absence of a prior conditional discharge or placement on probation that would disqualify the defendant, he/she is otherwise

Prosecutor Access to Records

- **G.S. 15A-151(d).** Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, the Administrative Office of the Courts shall make all records of dismissals pursuant to conditional discharge maintained under G.S. 15A-151 electronically available to all prosecutors of this State.

Eligibility

- **G.S. 15A-1341(a4)**
 - Misdemeanors and Class H and I felonies
 - Requires joint motion of State and defendant
 - Each known victim must be notified and given an opportunity to be heard
 - No prior convictions for felonies or misdemeanors involving moral turpitude
 - No previous probation (supervised or unsupervised, but not juvenile)
 - Defendant unlikely to commit another offense other than Class 3 misdemeanor

Eligibility

- **Crime of moral turpitude (CMT)**
 - Classic CMT:
 - Fraud, false pretenses, obstruction of justice, sex crimes
 - Generally not considered CMT:
 - Traffic offenses, drug possession, simple assault, trespass
 - No case law in conditional discharge context (previous probation probably disqualifies)

Probation

Conditional Discharge Probation

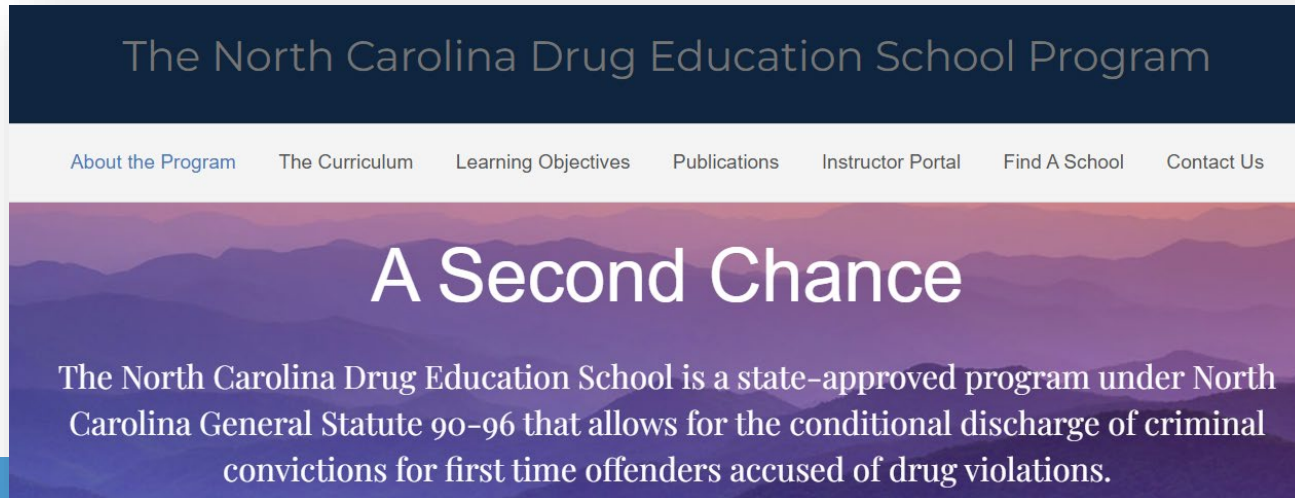
- **General rule:** Unless otherwise provided, ordinary probation rules apply. *State v. Burns*, 171 N.C. App. 759 (2005)
 - Probation officer powers
 - Regular conditions

Distinctions

- **Probation period:** 2 years max (instead of 5)
 - May be extended by up to 3 more years under G.S. 15A-1342(a)
- **Hearing venue:** Must be reported to “to the district attorney in the district in which the agreement was entered.” G.S. 15A-1342(a1)
- **No confinement-based sanctions:** Special probation (split), CRV, quick dip.
 - Perhaps contempt (although ultimately counts for jail credit)

Special Conditions

- **G.S. 90-96(a1) (not subsection (a))**
 - Probation period must be at least 12 months
 - Must include Drug Education School (unless it's unavailable)



Conditional Discharge Violations

- **General rule:** Unless otherwise provided, ordinary probation violation process applies. *State v. Burns*, 171 N.C. App. 759 (2005)
 - Counsel, notice, and hearing
 - Violation reports must be timely filed
 - “Good cause” findings required to revoke after expiration

AOC Form (Disposition/Modification)

- AOC-CR-635

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA				File No.	
County _____ Seat of Court _____					
NOTE: Use this form for all modifications, revocations, and dismissal/discharge upon successful completion for probation imposed pursuant to conditional discharge. For probation imposed pursuant to deferred prosecution, use AOC-CR-634.				In The General Court Of Justice ☐ District ☐ Superior Court Division	
STATE VERSUS				DISPOSITION/MODIFICATION OF CONDITIONAL DISCHARGE (For All Dispositions/Modifications On Or After Dec. 1, 2017) G.S. 14-50.29, -204, -277.8, -458.1, -458.2; 15A-1341; 90-96, -113.14	
Name Of Defendant _____					
Drivers License No.	State	Race	Sex		
Date Of Birth	Full Social Security No.				
Attorney For State		☐ Def. Found Not Indigent ☐ Def. Waived Attorney			
Crt Rptr Initials _____					
The defendant was placed on probation pursuant to conditional discharge under: ☐ G.S. 14-204, ☐ G.S. 14-277.8, ☐ G.S. 14-458.1, ☐ G.S. 14-458.2, ☐ G.S. 90-96, ☐ G.S. 90-113.14, ☐ G.S. 14-50.29, ☐ G.S. 15A-1341, by Order of the Court in:					

Distinctions

- **Basis of revocation:** Probably any violation
 - **G.S. 15A-1341(a6) Compliance With Terms of Conditional Discharge.** - Upon violation of a term or condition of a conditional discharge granted pursuant to this section, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided.
 - Probably not limited to new crimes and absconding

Conditional Discharge Violations

- **Jurisdiction**
 - If Class H/I felony guilty plea is accepted in district court, violation hearings are in superior court by default
 - May be heard in district court with consent of the State and the defendant
 - If heard in superior court, superior court enters adjudication of guilt with no requirement to remand

Accountability/Recovery Courts

- **Special rule for Superior Court accountability/recovery court cases**
 - With the consent of the chief DCJ and senior resident, district court may supervise a conditional discharge under G.S. 15A-1341(a5)
 - District court judge may modify or extend probation
 - Superior court has exclusive jurisdiction to revoke, except the district court may do so with when the chief district court judge and the senior resident superior court judge agree that it is in the interest of justice that the proceedings be conducted by the district court.
 - Appeal is to the appellate division. G.S. 7A-271(f)

Recurrent Issues and FAQ

Failure and Success

- **Failure:** “Upon violation . . . the court may enter adjudication of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided.”
- **Success:** “Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of a conditional discharge granted pursuant to this section, any plea or finding of guilty previously entered shall be withdrawn and the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against the person.”

Immunity upon Success

- **G.S. 15A-1342(i). Immunity from Prosecution upon Compliance.** - Upon the expiration or early termination as provided in subsection (b) of a period of probation imposed after deferral of prosecution and before conviction or a conditional discharge, the defendant shall be immune from prosecution of the charges deferred or discharged and dismissed.

The Limbo Problem

- **Failure:** “Upon violation . . . the court may enter adjudication of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided.”
- **Success:** “Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of a conditional discharge granted pursuant to this section, any plea or finding of guilty previously entered shall be withdrawn and the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against the person.”

Conditional discharge

"Upon fulfillment"

"Upon violation"

Charge

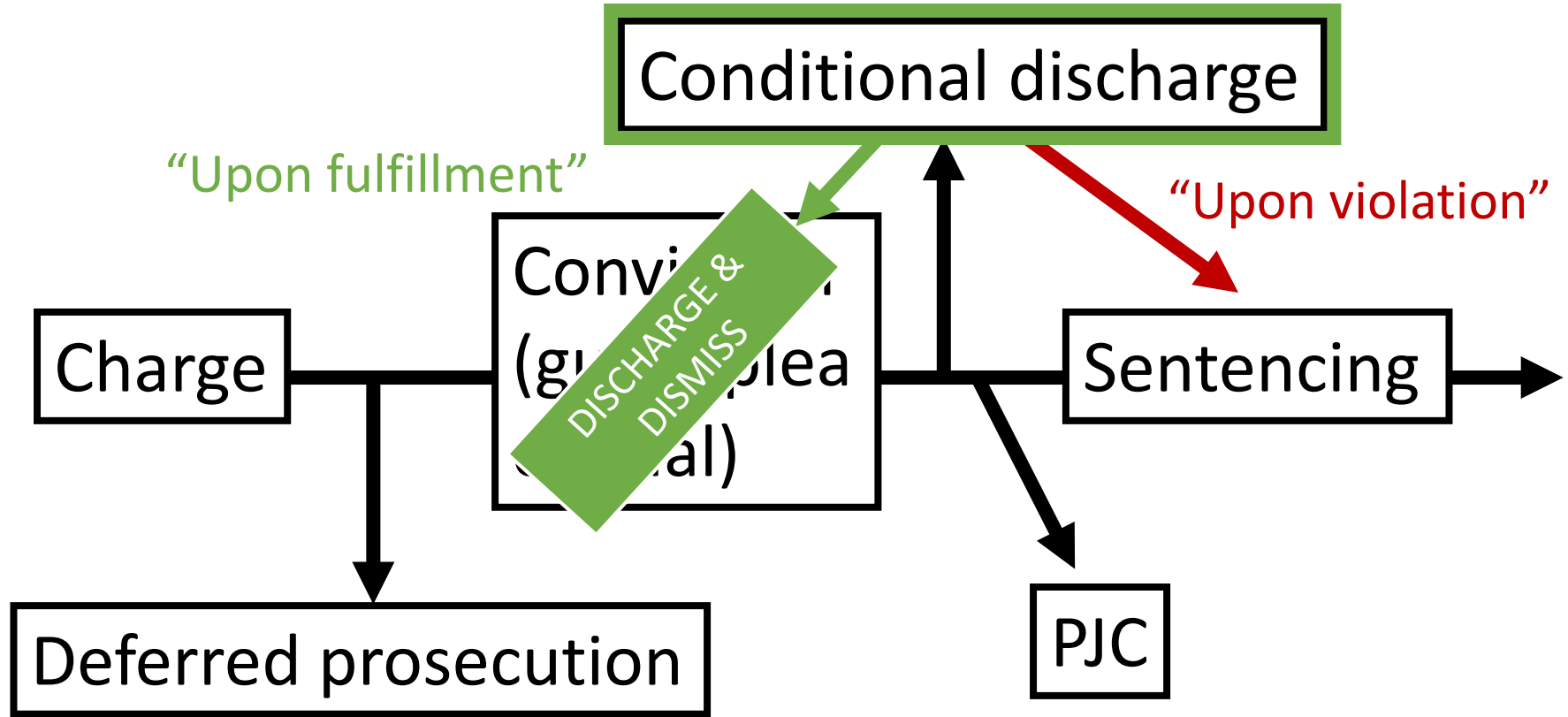
Conviction
(guilty plea
(trial))

DISCHARGE &
DISMISS

Sentencing

Deferred prosecution

PJC



The Limbo Problem

- **State v. Hilgert, 281 N.C. App. 215 (2021) (unpublished)**

The State argues Defendant's charge cannot be discharged and dismissed because he entered a contract of conditional discharge with the State, and Defendant did not fulfill the obligations of his side of the contract. The State contends this Court giving Defendant the benefit of the bargain without Defendant fulfilling his obligations would be an "outrageous ... abuse of the conditional discharge procedure."

The Limbo Problem

We disagree. In this case, the State and Defendant agreed to twelve months of probation as part of a conditional discharge. If the State wanted to extend, modify, or revoke Defendant's probation, it needed to do so either in the last six months of Defendant's probationary period or in accordance with G.S. 15A-1344(f). The State did neither of these things. Thus, G.S. 15A-1342(i) controls. Because the term of probation expired, and the trial court did not re-obtain or extend its jurisdiction, Defendant "shall be immune from prosecution of the charges deferred or discharged and dismissed." G.S.15A-1342(i).

The Limbo Problem

Since the probationary period for Defendant ended on 20 May 2019 without a conviction or proper extension, modification, or revocation, the order revoking Defendant's probation should be vacated, and the charge against Defendant should be discharged and dismissed.

The Limbo Problem

- *Hilgert* is unpublished
- Best to avoid this issue in the first place
 - Schedule review well before expiration
 - Extend as needed to preserve jurisdiction

Collateral consequences

- **Prior record level:** Conditionally discharged crime counts as a prior conviction (until it is dismissed)
 - State v. Hasty, 133 N.C. App. 563 (1999)
- **Sex offender registration:** Probably not a “final conviction” that triggers registration
 - See Walters v. Cooper, 367 N.C. 117 (2013) (no registration for PJC for sexual battery)
- **Firearm prohibition:** Conditionally discharged felony larceny not a felony “conviction” for federal firearm prohibition
 - United States v. Smith, 939 F.3d 612 (4th Cir. 2019)

Other FAQ

- Must a violation come before the same judge?
- Can other convictions be “consolidated” into a conditional discharge?

Expunging a Discharge and Dismissal

15A-146 Expunctions

By petition

- If the charge is “dismissed,” the court shall order an expunction. 15A-146(a)

Automatically

- If the charge is “dismissed without leave” or “dismissed by the court,” the charges are expunged by operation of law

Expunctions of Discharges and Dismissals

No process specified

- Misdemeanors, H and I felonies (15A-1341(a4))
- Drug treatment court cases (15A-1341(a5))
- Tobacco offenses (14-313)

Additional process specified

- Drug and paraphernalia offenses (90-96(a), (a1))
- Toxic vapor offenses (90-113.4(a), (a1))
- Prostitution offenses (14-204)
- Gang offenses (14-50.29, -50.30)
- Threats of mass violence (14-277.8)

15A-146 specified

- Cyberbullying (14-458.1(c), -458.2(d))



MICROSITE

Relief from a Criminal Conviction (2025 Edition)

ABOUT THE GUIDE

[Impact of a Criminal Conviction](#)

[Search Guide](#)

EXPUNCTIONS

Overview

[General Considerations for
Expunctions](#)

[Types of Expunctions and Their
Requirements](#)

[Procedure to Obtain an Expunction](#)

[Effect of Expunction](#)

