Nursing Regulation Update

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Mission

The North Carolina Board of Nursing is committed to protecting the health and well-being of the public through regulating the delivery of safe, effective nursing care.





Vision

Regulatory
Excellence
Expertise
Collaboration





Foundation of Regulation

- 1903 first state to regulate nursing
- NPA and NCAC define nursing in NC
- Board sets standards





2009 Legislative Activity

Changes to Nursing Practice Act (SB 356):

Establish programs for aiding in



remediation of nurses who experience practice deficiencies



Changes to the NPA (continued)

Provides added discretion in initiation of investigation-change in language from "shall" to "may"





Changes to NPA (continued)

Authority to conduct state and national criminal history record checks for license reinstatement





Other legislative activity

- Christian Science "Nurses"
- Certified Professional (lay) midwives
- Retired Nurse employment (state)





National/International Nursing Issues

Advanced Practice

LACE



Unlicensed personnel





National/International Nursing ISSUES (continued)

Overlapping scopes of practice

Mobility

Nursing Faculty Requirements

Simulation in nursing education



Impact

- Pressure to expand scope
- Pressure to use least costly employees to deliver care
- Pressure to lower standards





Relevancy for Nurse Leaders

- Vigilance to uphold standards in education and practice
- Realistic expectations to contain costs and deliver care
- Need for innovation and collaboration





Update on Initiatives





Education/Practice Committee

2008 Charge:

Guide the ongoing evaluation of the current and anticipated scope of the LPN.

Findings:

- 1) NC LPN Scope of Practice under Law and Rules seems adequate, broad, and flexible enough to meet current practice needs
- 2) Predictions of future practice needs could be accommodated within current LPN Scope BOARD

Education/Practice Committee

Additional Findings in 2008:

 Current language in law and rules is confusing (e.g., supervision, participates in, assessment)



- Different perceptions of both RN and LPN Scope among LPNs, RNs, Employers, and Supervisors
- Agencies cite "the Board" rather than agency policy as reason for limiting practice of the LPN within agency or in specific practice sites



Education/Practice Committee

2009 Charges:

- 1) Increase clarity of nursing practice act, rules, and position statements related to the LPN scope of practice
- 2) Develop an NCBON plan and mechanisms for clearly disseminating the LPN scope of practice information to all licensed nurses and employers

Unlicensed Assistive Personnel

Nurse Aide II

- Task Review
- Curriculum Review
- Utilization Review



Nurse Aide I + 4

- Task Review
- Utilization Review



PREP and Just Culture

Evolution of remediation for practice issues- PREP and Just Culture





PREP

- Pilot began 6/01 with 7 hospitals
 - Expanded to nursing homes 7/02
 - July 2004 Board approved as statewide program
 - **2005-2009: 289**
 - participants



PREP OBJECTIVES

- To provide a more positive avenue for reporting incidents or competency concerns to regulatory board
- To shift focus from <u>individual</u> <u>blame</u> to <u>upgrading skills and</u> <u>knowledge</u>



To enhance safe, competent care



Eligibility Criteria

- Concern is related to the individual, not "systems" issue
- Concern is minor in nature; does not pose risk to public
- Root cause related to practice, not misconduct
- Accepts responsibility for own practice motivated to improve





2008 Participant Profile

- Average age = 46 years
- Average length of licensure = 11 years
- Types of settings
 - Hospitals = 42%
 - **LTC = 23%**
 - Other (Rehab, Hospice,

Management, Educators) = 24%

- Clinics/MD office (Health Dept) = 1%



2008 PREP Cases N=87



Responses to PREP

- Improved communication between participating hospitals and BON
- Collaborative relationships
- Positive reception from nursing community for proactive, non-punitive approach by BON
- Positive response from individuals referred to PREP





Employer Feedback



- With the shortage of nursing and the amount of time it takes to orient new staff, the PREP* Program is a very useful retention tool."
- "I think the PREP* Program is excellent for nurses who are struggling with their practice."
- "There now is another avenue for staff vs. "firing" or potential license loss. Opportunity to move quicker with practice concerns."

The single greatest impediment to error prevention in the medical industry is "that we punish people for making mistakes"

Dr. Lucian Leape Professor, Harvard School of Public Health Testimony before Congress on Health Care Quality Improvement



Cornerstones of a Just Culture: Create a Learning Culture

- Eager to recognize risk at both the individual and organizational level.
- Risk is seen through events, near misses, and observations of system design and behavioral choices.
- Without learning we are destined to make the same mistakes.



Cornerstones of a Just Culture: Create an Open and Fair Culture

- Move away from an overly punitive culture and strike a middle ground between punitive and blame free.
- Recognize human fallibility:
 - Humans will make mistakes.
 - Humans will drift away from what we have been taught.



What Must We Believe?

- To Err is Human
 To Drift is Human
- Risk is Everywhere
- We Are All Accountable





North Carolina Board of Nursing Just Culture Pilot Project

- Utilizes a collaborative approach to develop plan of remediation
- Assures employers that mandatory reporting requirements have been met
- Facilitates retention of nurses whenever possible



Allows an additional complaint resolution option of employer directed remediation for the nurse as indicated

Pilot Status

Collaborative effort with NCCHQPS

- 10 Hospitals
- **4 LTC**
- Next: Nursing Education Programs





Where will Just Culture take us?

- Provide data related to human factors that contribute to practice deficiencies and/or minor incidents
- Serve as a model to assist regulatory boards to redefine individual accountability in productive manner
- Facilitate the shift from culture of blame to quality improvement





2008 NP Compliance Review Results

Total reviews	29	
Site visits	14	
Mail-ins	15	
# Reviews in compliance	14	48%
# Reviews with discrepancies	15	52%





Primary Discrepancies

Back up MD form	4
Continuing education	5
CPA	6
QI meetings	6
Additional documentation required	12





2008 NP Compliance Review Results

Joint Subcommittee Action as a result of Compliance Review

Letter of Concern issued to one NP





Proposed NP Rule Changes

- .0804(g) Elimination of Interim Status
- In the second second


Proposed NP Rule Changes

.0810 QI Meetings

Monthly QI meetings during 1st six months of any CPA and at least every six months thereafter

NP notifies NCBON of changes in status



NP Applications

Be sure to send in all paper requirements

No "grace period" for annual renewal



Evidence-based Transition to Practice Project

Purpose of the Project: to develop a statewide, evidencebased transition to practice model for newly licensed nurses



Foundation for Nursing Excellence

- Created by NCBON 2002
- Mission: To improve health outcomes for the citizens of NC by enhancing the practice of nursing through leadership development, research and demonstration projects.
- Vision: To become a significant conduit through which innovative ideas related to health and healthcare can be evaluated and disseminated to the principal arenas of nursing and healthcare practice in NC



Status of Transition to Practice Project

- Phase I results on Foundation website: <u>www.ffne.org</u>
- Phase II focus: identification of best and promising practices for strengthening the preceptor/new nurse relationship
- enhancing new nurse competence and confidence development during the critically important transition period for newly licensed nurses



Transition to Practice (continued)

The long-term project goal is to create an evidence-based statewide transition to practice program for new nurse graduates by 2015



Practice Update





RN/LPN Scope of Practice

RN Scope of Practice	LPN Scope of Practice
Accepting Assignment	Accepting Assignment
Assessment (Determination of)	Assessment (Participates in)
Planning (Identifying client's needs)	Planning (Participation in identifying client's needs)
Implementation	Implementation RN supervision required assignment to other LPNs and delegation to UAPs supervision by LPN to validate tasks have been completed according to agency policies and procedures
Evaluation	Evaluation CBOARD NURSING (Participates in outcomes/evaluation)

RN/LPN Scope of Practice

RN Scope of Practice	LPN Scope of Practice
Reporting and Recording	Reporting and Recording
Collaborating (with community and working cooperatively with individuals whose services may affect client's health care)	Collaborating (in implementing the health care plan as assigned by the RN)
Teaching and Counseling (Responsibility of)	Participating in the Teaching and Counseling as assigned by the RN or other qualified licensed professional
Managing Nursing Care	N/A
Administering Nursing Services	N/A NURSING
Accepting Responsibility for Self	Accepting Responsibility for Self

PH Nursing Supervisors and Directors

- Responsibilities of Public Health Nursing Supervisors and Directors
- Managing Nursing Services
- Administering Nursing Services



RN ONLY Managing Nursing Services

- RN is accountable for validating qualifications of nursing personnel and establishing mechanisms for validation of competency
- RN makes final determination of competency
- LPN may participate in onthe-job validation that tasks have been performed according to agency policy/standards





RN ONLY Administering Nursing Services

- 21 NCAC 36 .0224 (j)
- Identification and implementation of standards, policies and procedures regarding nursing care
- Planning and Evaluation of Nursing Care Delivery System
- Management of Personnel



RN ONLY

Administering Nursing Services

- Management of Personnel includes
 - Allocation of human resources
 - Defined levels of accountability and responsibility within the nursing organ.
 - Mechanism to validate qualifications, knowledge, skills of nursing personnel
 - Provision of educational opportunities
 - Validation of implementation of performance appraisal system



The NC Nursing Practice Act allows nurses to carry out standing orders





- Describe the parameters under which the nurse may act in specified situations
- Outline the assessment, testing, treatment a nurse may perform on behalf of physician



Must be in writing, dated and signed by physician licensed in NC

Reviewed annually and revised as necessary



ASSESSMENT :

- SUBJECTIVE FINDINGS

- OBJECTIVE FINDING

- PLAN OF CARE:
 - CONTAINS THE STANDING ORDER

- CONTAINS THE NURSING ACTIONS FOLLOW -UP

PHYSICIAN SIGNATURE



Unlicensed Assistive Personnel

- New Position Statement--
- Delegation of Immunization Administration to UAP in Declared State or National Emergencies or Federal/State DHHS or CDC Initiated Mass Immunization Campaigns
- Allows licensed nurses to delegate



Unlicensed Assistive Personnel

Includes MOAs, CMAs, CHAs, Mas

Utilization of UAPs

- Resources for decision making



Questions/Discussion

Concerns

Issues

Questions



Suggestions for BON



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