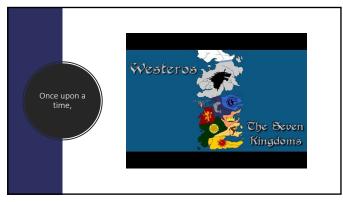
Legitimation

By: Sara DePasquale Associate Professor UNC School of Government

1







3





5



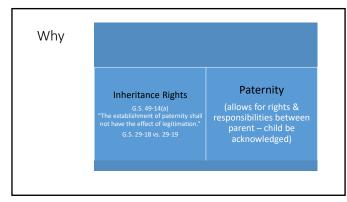




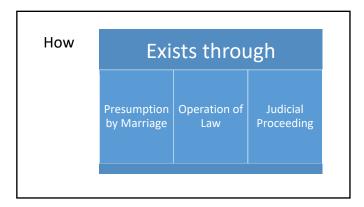
Legal Recognition of What Child's Status Imposes on mother and father **Full Filial Rights** (include property and surname) privileges, rights, & obligations

9 10





11 12



Exists through

Presumption by Marriage
Common Law
Rebuttable
Same Sex: G.S. 12-3(16)
After Birth: G.S. 49-12

13 14

Operation of Law
Adoption
G.S. 49A-1

Legitimation

Judicial

Proceeding

15 16

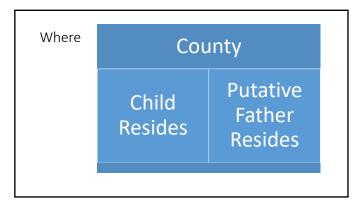


Special Proceeding

Clerk

Transfer to superior court if G.S. 1-301.2(b)

17 18



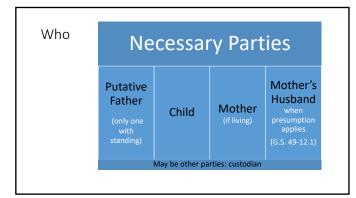
Before
Father's
Death

Completed

Child =
Any Age

20

19



GAL for minor child

Rule 17

Need not be lawyer

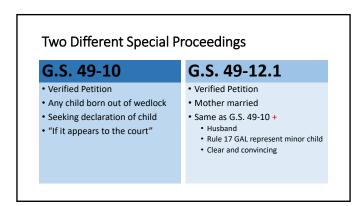
Payment

• Pro bono

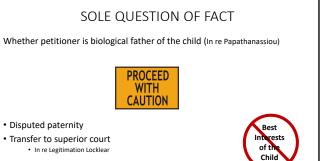
• Costs under G.S. 7A-306(c)(5)

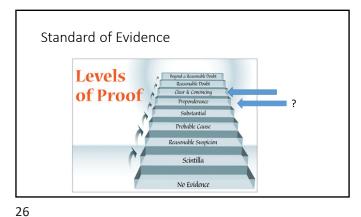
21 22



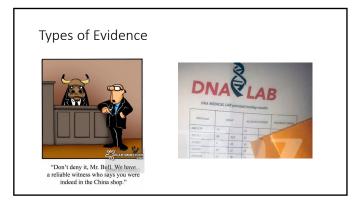


23 24





25



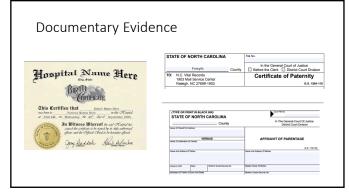
Sworn Witness Testimony

Nash County DSS ex rel Williams v. Beamon. 126 N.C. App 536 (1997)

One night stand

I did not, have, sexual relations, with that woman.

27 28



Case Problem

- Mom is married but living with a different man when she gives birth
 to her first child. She has not seen her husband in 3 years. She wants
 to file for divorce but does not know where her husband is. Her live-in
 boyfriend wants to be recognized as the child's father, but he can't
 marry the mother. He files a legitimation proceeding.
- What are the procedural and other issues?

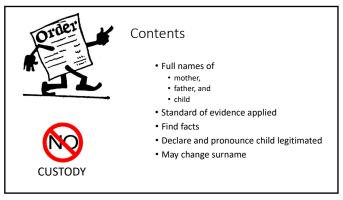
29 30

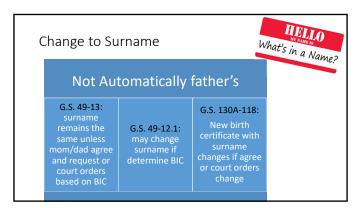
- Who are the parties?
- What is the standard of proof?
- What about best interests?

What if she was never married?

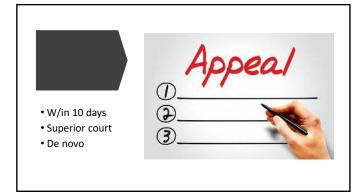
- Who are the parties?
- What is the standard?

31 32





33





35 36

