# SELF-DEFENSE AND ENCOUNTERING DOGS IN THE FIELD

2021 Investigator Virtual Conference



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#### DOG BITE STATISTICS

• Approximately 4.5 million dog bites occur in the United States each year



- 800,000 of those bites require medical care.
- Dog bites occur to 1 out of every 73 people in the US

Data from the CDC: www.cdc.gov

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#### DOG BITE STATISTICS



- Most people are attacked or bitten by a dog that they know
- All dogs can bite. There is limited and conflicting data on which types of dogs bite most often

Data from the CDC: www.cdc.gov

HOW DO YOU STAY SAFE WHEN YOU ENCOUNTER DOGS WHO ARE UNKNOWN TO YOU?



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HOW DO YOU STAY SAFE WHEN YOU ENCOUNTER DOGS WHO ARE UNKNOWN TO YOU?



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## A MORE SUBTLE EXAMPLE...



https://www.scienceofpeople.com/aggressive-body-language-2/

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## A MORE SUBTLE EXAMPLE...









https://bestlifeonline.com/photos-dogs-babies/

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CALMING SIGNALS & STRESS SIGNALS



These are clearly communicate by dogs when they are



Most dogs read these signal well, humans are not terribl



When you ignore these signals you put the dog in a situation where they may feel they need to escalate their behavior

## 1. WHALE EYE

 Whites of the eyes are clearly visible



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#### 2. LIP LICKING/TONGUE FLICKS

 Occurs when there is nothing there to lick

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# 3. LOOKING AWAY /AVOIDANCE

Dog may turn their eyes, head, or their entire body
away



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## 5. SHAKE OFF

 This looks just like a wet dog shaking off water, but there is no water present

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#### 6. DISPLACEMENT BEHAVIORS

 Scratching when they are not really itchy, sniffing intently when there isn't anything to sniff



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## 8. TAIL IS TUCKED, EARS ARE BACK

You may also see crouching



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## 9. 'TAP OUT'



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bmrXOgZIW\_M

SUMMARY: CALMING SIGNALS & STRESS SIGNALS



The context matters e.g., if a dog is relaxed and tired, a yawn is probably not an indication of discomfort



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IF YOU MUST APPROACH A DOG WHO IS WORRIED:



DON'T DO THIS!

• Avoid eye contact/avert your eyes

- Turn your body sideways
- Use a soft voice
- Keep your movements and small and slow
- $\bullet$  Let the dog approach you at their own pace
- Bring food with you and toss the food *away* from your body
- $\bullet$  Create distance when you can
- Avoid meeting dog in a small space

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#### A REAL-LIFE SITUATION



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7v3ZjCvCsFw

## REVIEW: HOW MANY SIGNALS DO YOU SEE?



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kZw-jgCRPeE&t=28s

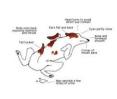
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### CANINE LADDER OF AGGRESSION



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#### MOVING UP THE LADDER OF AGGRESSION



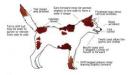


THREATS OF AGGRESSION: NOW YOU'RE IN REA
TROUBLE!

#### Defensive posture

#### Offensive posture





https://moderndoemagazine.com/articles/how-read-vour-does-hody-language/415

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# KNOWING SOME 'TYPES' OF AGGRESSION CAN HELP YOU READ THE CONTEXT

Fear: occurs when the dog is feeling scared/worried Dominance: a reaction to a social situation

Possessive: over a valued resource Protective: defending a membe of the social group

Territorial: defending space Pain-related: occurs when the dog is in pain or discomfort Redirected: when the dog is prevented from attacking the primary target

Socially facilitated occurs when other dogs display aggressive behavior

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#### DOGS AT RISK FOR AGGRESSION

- Sexually mature dogs over a year
- Dogs that are not spayed or neutered
- A dog not kept as a family pet
- A dog that is tethered/chained up/confined
- $\bullet$  The dog has been abused or neglected by the owner
- Although most bites occur from a dog that is known to the victim, fatalities are higher when the dog is not known to the victim

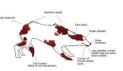
https://nationalcanineresearchcouncil.com/injurious-dog-bites/

## HOW TO APPROACH AN 'AGGRESSIVE' DOG



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### IF YOU OBSERVE THESE THINGS:

- · Hackles are raised
- Dog has frozen in place
- Dog's body is stiff
- Dog is growling
- Teeth are visible



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## **USE YOUR CALMING SIGNALS TO DE-ESCALATE** THE SITUATION



DO NOT RUN or move quickly



Avoid eye contact



Slowly turn your body sideways



'Ignore' the dog



Blink softly



Move away slowly if you can

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- Try to put something in their mouth to re-direct the bite your bag, a jacket, etc
- $\bullet$  Try to be quiet screaming/yelling may make the attack worse
- Try to cover the dog's head with something so that they cannot see
- Do not punch/kick at the dog causing the dog pain may escalate the attack
- If the dog keeps biting roll up into a ball and protect your head and neck until they stop

https://positively.com/animal-advocacy/dog-bite-prevention/what-to-do-when-a-dog-attacks/

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#### **BITE EVALUATION SCALE**

- Level I: air snaps warning 'bites'
- Level II: Air snap with skin contact. Might see a bruise or redness.
- Level III: 1-4 punctures from a single bite, not deep
- Level IV: 1-4 punctures from a single bite, DEEP
- Level V: Multiple level IV bites, slashing
- Level VI: the victim has died as a result of the attack

Dr. Ian Dunbar's Bite Evaluation Scale

Association of Professional Dog Trainers (n.d.) An assessment of the severity of biting problems based an objective evaluation of wound pathology. https://apdt.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/ian-duni

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# BE PROACTIVE: EMERGENCY TOOLS TO CARRY WITH YOU

- Spray deterrent
- Noise maker
- Wooden spoon
- Umbrella
- Food







## BE PROACTIVE: TOOLS TO CARRY WITH YOU

Michael Shikashio

YouTube channel:



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R5aKUrPLkco

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#### IF YOU HAVE BEEN BITTEN

- Find out who the dog owner is so that vaccination records can be obtained
- $\bullet\,$  If the dog is a stray, call animal control
- Seek medical care there is a high risk of infection
- $\bullet$  If you do seek medical attention, you are required by law to report the dog bite
- North Carolina law requires a dog who has bitten a person to be confined for observation for 10 days

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#### QUESTIONS?

Michael Shikashio

Victoria Stillwell

Dog body language resources:

Lili Chin's work. She has also published a book

Work by Sue Sternberg, including this book and video collection on dog behavior/body language

Videos by Kristin Crestejo, found here

Work by Turid Rugass: http://en.turid-rugaas.no/

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