

General Articles 1. General Provisions 2. Jurisdiction 3. Boards, Organization 4. Administration, Enforcement, Appeals 5. Planning 6. Process to Adopt and Amend Regulations School of Regulations Specific Articles 7. Zoning 8. Subdivision 9. Particular Uses, Areas 10. Development Agreements 11. Building Code and Building Condition 12. Housing Codes 13. Miscellaneous Additional Authority 14. Judicial Review

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10. Adjusted Deadlines	
LHAPTER 1600	
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Adjusted Deadlines

- Originally January 1, 2021
- Effective NOW! (S.L. 2020-25)
- Local governments have until July 1, 2021 to implement
- Comprehensive plan by July 1, 2022

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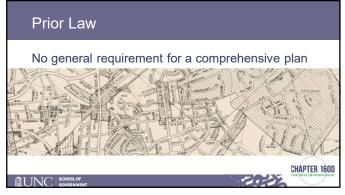


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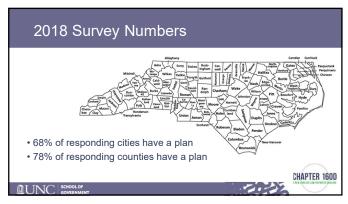
Adjusted Deadlines Practical Effect Ch. 160D becomes fully effective (and Ch. 153A/160A provisions repealed) when: (1) it updates its development regulations OR (2) on July 1, 2021 Whichever happens first

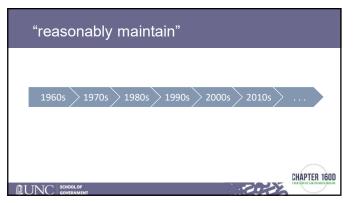
Adjusted Deadlines		
• Now	160D Authorities Available	
• July 1, 2021	Local ordinances must be updated	
• July 1, 2022	Comp plan or land use plan required for zoning	
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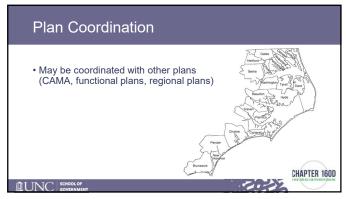


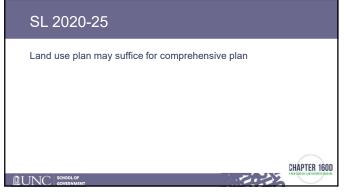












8. Consistency Statements
Streamlined

Plan Consistency

- Simplify plan consistency statements
 - Delete requirement to use one of three forms of consistency statement
 - o Briefly describe how action is or is not consistent with adopted plans
- Simplify plan amendment if inconsistent zoning amendment is adopted FLUM deemed amended, not entire plan



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Plan Consistency

- Can approve zoning amendment and plan statement with single motion
- Minutes can suffice if no formal statement approved

But only if the governing board was aware of and actually considered the planning board recommendation and the plan before acting on the amendment



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Reasonableness

- Mandatory for zoning map amendments
- Optional for zoning text amendments
- Factors to address are set out Same as for spot zoning analysis
- Can combine plan consistency and reasonableness statements





7. Keep Maps on File

Maps (160D-105)
 Official maps may be incorporated by reference (specific map or most recent)
 Clerk or other specified office must maintain for public inspection
 Current and past zoning maps
 Current maps incorporated by reference
 Paper or digital format is allowed

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6. Align Terminology

CHAPTER 160D

CHAPTER

	Legislative	Quasi-Judicial	Administrativ	е
Character				
Example				
Hearing				
Decision- Maker				
				CHAPTER 160D
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Uniform Terminology and Streamlined Process	
"Special Use Permit" Quasi-judicial approval with site-specific conditions Replaces conditional use permit and special exception	
"Conditional Zoning" Legislative approval with site-specific conditions Replaces conditional use district zoning	
End of Conditional Use District Zoning	
Transition for existing approvals	CHAPTER 1600

5. Get Consent for Conditions

CHAPTER 1600

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Conditions and Estoppel

• QJ conditions on remand (160A-393; SL 2019-111, Sec. 1.9)

SECTION 1.10. Part 3 of Article 19 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"8 160A-393.2. No estoppel effect when challenging development conditions.

A city or county may not assert before a board of adjustment or in any civil action the defense of estoppel as a result of actions by the landowner or permit applicant to proceed with development authorized by a development permit as defined in G.S. 143-755 if the landowner or permit applicant is challenging conditions that were imposed and not consented to in writing by a landowner or permit applicant."



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Conditions on Remand

- QJ conditions on remand (160A-393; SL 2019-111, Sec. 1.9)
- If the court concludes that a permit was wrongfully denied because the denial was not based on substantial competent evidence or was otherwise based on an error of law, the court may shall remand with instructions that the permit be issued, subject to reasonable and appropriate conditions any conditions expressly consented to by the permit applicant as part of the application or during the board of adjustment appeal or writ of certiorari appeal.



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Conditional Zoning

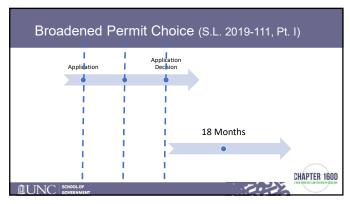
160A-382; 153A-342; SL 2019-111, Sec. 1.14 & 1.15

(b) Property may be placed in a special use district, conditional use district, or conditional district only in response to a petition by the owners of all the property to be included. Specific conditions applicable to these districts may be proposed by the petitioner or the city or its agencies, but only those conditions mutually-approved by the city and consented to by the petitioner in writing may be incorporated into the zoning regulations or permit requirements. These consented to by the petitioner in writing may be incorporated into the zoning regulations or permit requirements. GS. 160A-017, or other unauthorized limitations on the development or use of land. Conditions and site-specific standards imposed in a conditional district shall be limited to those that address the conformance of the development and use of the site to city ordinances and an officially adopted comprehensive or other plan and those that address the impacts reasonably expected to be generated by the development or use of the site.

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Type of Permit/Rights	Period of Validity	Summary of Applicability	
Development Permits	12 months	General rule that development approvals (site plans, plats, special use permits, and more) are valid for twelve months unless altered by other statutes. Local regulations may extend the period of validity. G.S. 160D-108.	
Site-Specific Vesting Plan	2 years (up to 5)	Certain approvals identified by local ordinance create extended vesting. Permit must be identified as such at the time of approval. G.S. 160D-108.1.	
Multi-Phased Development	7 years from first site plan approval	Qualifying development enjoys extended vesting. Must be at least 25 acres in size, subject to a master development plan with committed elements, to be permitted and built in phases. G.S. 160D-108.	
Validity after Development Discontinuation	2 years	For a development that has substantially commenced work, statutory vested rights expire after 24 consecutive months of discontinuance of the project. The discontinuance period is tolled for any litigation relating to the project or property. (Building permits limited to 12 months of discontinuation.) G.S. 160D-108.	
Development Agreement	Per agreement	Negotiated agreement between developer and local government specifying a range of development topics, including period of vesting. G.S. 160D-108 & -1007.	
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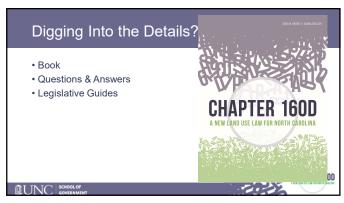


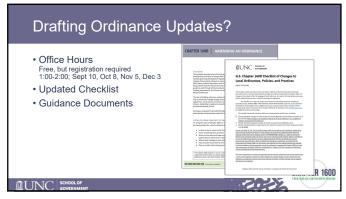
In addition to financial conflict of interest: "A governing [or appointed] board member shall not vote on any zoning amendment if the landowner of the property subject to a rezoning petition or the applicant for a text amendment is a person with whom the member has a close familial, business, or other associational relationship." "No staff member shall make a final decision on an administrative decision ... if the applicant or other person subject to that decision is a person with whom the staff member has a close familial, business, or other associational relationship."

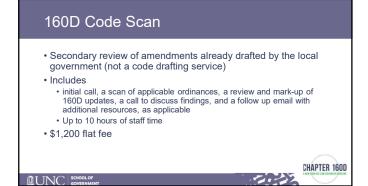
2. Lots of SOG Resources

CHAPTER 1800











Recap

- 10. Adjusted Deadlines
- 9. Plan Requirement
- 8. Consistency Statements Streamlined
- 7. Keep Maps on File
- 6. Align Terminology
- 5. Get Consent on Conditions
- 4. Clarify Vested Rights
- 3. Broadened Conflicts of Interest
- 2. Lots of SOG Resources
- 1. Relax



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