















CAN YOU READ THIS?

I cnnoat blveiee I aulaclty uesdnatnrd waht I am rdanieg. Aoccdrnig to rscheearch at Cmabrigde Uinervtisy, it deosn't mttaer in waht oredr the ltteers in a wrod are, the olny iprmoatnt tihng is taht the frist and lsat ltteer be in the rghit pclae. The rset can be a taotl mses and you can sitll raed it wouthit a porbelm. Tihs is bcuseae the huamn mnid deos not raed ervey lteter by istlef, but the wrod as a wlohe.









- We are flooded with information, and process much of it automatically
- Automatic processing is necessary for us to function
- Automatic processing can be very **helpful**
 - Saves cognitive resources
 - Fight or flight / primitive brain
- Automatic processing can be very **unhelpful**
 - It sacrifices accuracy for efficiency and speed
 - It's fertile ground for bias



































REMEMBER MYTH #2?



We are consciously aware and thus in control of – internal influences on our perceptions and behavior . . .

. . . except for when Fast Thinking is running the show. . .

. . which is most of the time!







I believe that I am in the top 50% of participants in this class in my ability to minimize the impact of bias on the decisions I make.

Yes, I am
No, I am not







IMPLICIT BIAS

- NOT explicit bias
- Implicit = unconscious
- Reflects not a belief, but an association
- Exerts a powerful influence on decision-making
- Impact increased by fatigue, strong emotion

For example, many of our anti-discrimination policies focus on finding the bad apples who are explicitly prejudiced. In fact, the serious discrimination is implicit, subtle and nearly universal. Both blacks and whites subtly try to get a white partner when asked to team up to do an intellectually difficult task. In computer shooting simulations, both black and white participants were more likely to think black figures were armed. In emergency rooms, whites are pervasively given stronger painkillers than blacks or Hispanics. Clearly, we should spend more effort rigging situations to reduce universal, unconscious racism.

New York Times January 11, 2013

4/8/2015













THE DILEMMA

. . . but important decisions require a brain more concerned with accuracy than survival.



SOME OF YOUR DECISIONS ARE DICTATED BY THE LAW

But many of them are not. If you believe that the people affected by your decisions are entitled to fair treatment unaffected by bias, achieving that goal requires struggle.



















