



How Many? SFY 2016-17	
uardianship	
pointed = 186 nding = 513 tal = 699	

What's the Purpose? Adult protective services Interim guardianship Emergency guardianship Guardianship

Protective Services – When?

- Report received
- Disabled adult is in need of services to protect him or her from abuse, neglect or exploitation
 - May include self-neglect



II UNG

Protective Services – What?

- Bottom line: DSS mobilizes necessary services
- Consent → provide essential services
- Lack capacity to consent → court order
 - Emergency services
 - Ex parte order
 - Freeze and inspect financial records
 - 35A petition



UNC

Lacks Capacity v. Incompetent

"... lacks sufficient understanding or capacity to make or communicate responsible decisions concerning his person, including but not limited to provisions for health or mental health care, food, clothing, or shelter, because of physical or mental incapacity."

"...lacks sufficient capacity to manage the adult's own affairs or to make or communicate important decisions concerning the adult's person, family, or property ... "

G.S. 35A-1101(7)

G.S. 108A-101(I)

æ LINC

Pros/Cons

Pros

- Discretion to craft protective services
- Ex parte and emergency options
- Limited duration
- Preserve rights
- Consent v. order

Cons

- Slow
- Unfamiliar/courts
- Limited in scope and duration
- DSS unable to access adult's resources to pay for services

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Emergency Guardianship – When?

- 1. NC does not have jurisdiction for guardianship
- 2. An emergency exists
- 3. A petition is filed for emergency guardianship

What is an emergency?

 A circumstance that likely will result in substantial harm to the adult's health, safety, or welfare, and for which the appointment of a guardian of the person is necessary because no other person has authority and is willing to act on the adult's behalf.

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Pros/Cons Pros Cons Fast Available to help in an emergency when jurisdiction lacking UNC

1. NC has jurisdiction for guardianship (G.S. 35B) 2. Reasonable cause to believe that incompetent 3. One or both of the following: a. Adult's condition constitutes or reasonably appears to constitute imminent/ foreseeable risk of harm to his physical well-being and requires immediate attention; b. There is or reasonably appears to be an imminent/foreseeable risk of harm to the estate that requires immediate intervention; and 4. Adult needs an interim guardian to be appointed immediately to intervene on his behalf prior to the adjudication hearing

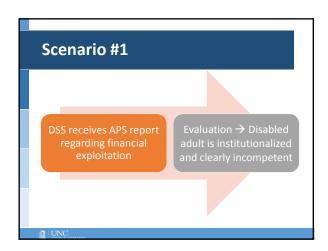
Powers and duties shall be limited Extend only so far and so long as necessary to meet the conditions necessitating the appointment Terminates Date specified in clerk's order or; 45 days after entry unless clerk extends for up to 45 days for good cause shown

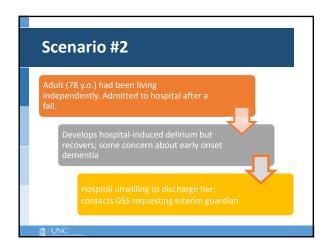
Pros/Cons Pros Fast Narrowly tailored Allows guardian to provide immediate assistance Pros Cons Fast Sometimes used when adult is competent Extreme remedy

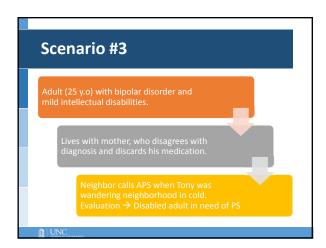
Guardianship — When? 1. NC has jurisdiction for guardianship 2. The adult has been adjudicated incompetent 3. A petition has been filed Incompetent? "...lacks sufficient capacity to manage the adult's own affairs or to make or communicate important decisions concerning the adult's person, family, or property..."

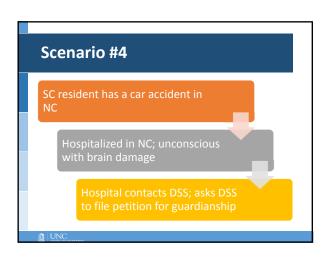
Guardianship — What? Clerk may appoint Guardian of the person Guardian of the estate General guardian Decision-making shifts from the adult to the guardian to the extent ordered by the clerk May seek restoration of competency DSS duty to address in status report annually

Pros/Cons Pros Cons Clerk processes smooth relatively smooth Allows DSS to help the adult quickly Straightforward Cons Sometimes pursued when adult is competent simply because APS too cumbersome









Questions?
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