CREDIT CARD (FINANCIAL TRANSACTION CARD) THEFT--RECEIVING STOLEN CARD. FELONY. G.S. 14-113.9(a)(1).

The defendant has been charged with credit card theft by receiving a stolen credit card.

For you to find the defendant guilty of this offense, the State must prove four things beyond a reasonable doubt:

<u>First</u>, that the defendant received, that is, obtained possession of, (describe credit card).¹

Second, that the card had previously been taken without the cardholder's consent.

Third, that the defendant knew that it had been so taken.

And Fourth, that he intended to [sell it] [use it] [transfer it to someone other than the cardholder or the issuer].

If you find from the evidence beyond a reasonable doubt that on or about the alleged date, the defendant received (describe credit card), which he knew had previously been taken without the cardholder's consent and that the defendant intended to [sellit] [use it] [transfer it to someone other than the cardholder or the issuer], it would be your duty to return a verdict of guilty. If you do not so find or have a reasonable doubt as to one or more of these things, it would be your duty to return a verdict of not guilty.

 $^{^{}m l}$ G.S. 14-113.8(4) defines "financial transaction card" which includes a "credit card."

 $^{^2}$ Describe card so as to indicate who is the cardholder; that is, one named on the face of the card or for whose benefit it was issued. G.S. 14-113.8(2).