

N.C.P.I.—CRIM. 242.20 PATIENT ABUSE RESULTING IN SERIOUS BODILY INJURY.
FELONY. G.S. 14-32.2(a)-(b)(3)

NOTE WELL: The injury required is serious bodily injury. A "pattern of patient abuse" (N.C.P.I. 242.25) does not require that the injury be serious bodily injury only that there be bodily injury. N.C.G.S. 14-32.2(a)-(b)(4).

The defendant has been charged with [willful] [culpably negligent] physical abuse of a [patient of a health care¹] [resident of a residential care²] facility resulting in serious bodily injury.

For you to find the defendant guilty of this offense, the State must prove four things beyond a reasonable doubt:

First, that the victim was a [patient of a health care] [resident of a residential care] facility.

Second, that the defendant physically abused³ the [patient] [resident] by (*describe the physical abuse*).

Third, that the defendant's conduct was [willful] [culpably negligent]. (Culpable negligence is conduct of a willful, gross and flagrant character, evincing reckless disregard for human life.⁴)

And Fourth, that the defendant's conduct proximately caused serious bodily injury to the [patient] [resident]. Proximate cause is a real cause, a cause without which the victim's serious bodily injury would not have occurred.

Serious bodily injury is defined as bodily injury that creates or causes [a substantial risk of death] [serious permanent disfigurement] [coma] [a permanent or protracted

¹ G.S. 14-32.2 (c) defines "health care facility" as "hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, intermediate care facilities, intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded, psychiatric facilities, rehabilitation facilities, kidney disease treatment centers, home health agencies, ambulatory surgical facilities, and any other health care related facility whether publicly or privately owned."

² G.S. 14-32.2 (c1) defines "residential care facility" as "adult care homes and any other residential care related facility whether publicly or privately owned."

³ G.S. 14-32.2 (e1) defines "abuse" as "the willful or culpably negligent infliction of physical injury or the willful or culpably negligent violation of any law designed for the health or welfare of a patient or resident."

⁴ G.S. 14-32.2 (e).

