

GENERAL AGGRAVATING CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO DRUG CHARGES.  
G.S. 90-95(d), (e) (1-5).

I. APPLICABLE ONLY TO N.C.P.I.--Crim. 260.11:

<sup>1</sup>[Second, that the quantity of (*name substance or substances in Schedule II, III, or IV*) which defendant possessed exceeded [100 tablets] [100 capsules] [100 dosage units] [(*describe equivalent quantity*)].]

<sup>2</sup>[Second, that the quantity of [marijuana which the defendant possessed<sup>1</sup> exceeded one and one half ounces<sup>2</sup>] [extracted resin of marijuana, commonly known as hashish, which the defendant possessed exceeded three twentieths of an ounce<sup>2</sup>].]

II. APPLICABLE TO N.C.P.I.--Crim. 260.11, 260.16, 260.20  
260.22:

<sup>3</sup>[Second] [Third], that the defendant had (on two separate occasions) been previously convicted of (*describe offense which under any law of North Carolina or any law of the United States or any other state, would have been punishable as a felony under the North Carolina Controlled Substances Act at the time of this alleged offense*).]<sup>3</sup>

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<sup>1</sup>The State is not required to prove that the defendant had knowledge of the weight or amount of the controlled substance he knowingly possessed, only that he knowingly possessed the controlled substance. *State v. Shelman*, 159 N.C. App. 300 (2003).

<sup>2</sup>Avoirdupois, i.e. in the standard system of weight measurement in which 16 ounces equal one pound.

<sup>3</sup>Judicial notice may be taken of the public laws of North Carolina, *Wing v. Godwin*, 271 N.C. 426 (1967), and of any other state, or of the District of Columbia, or of the United States G.S. 8-4.

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III. APPLICABLE ONLY TO N.C.P.I.--Crim. 260.22:

<sup>4</sup>Second, that the defendant had reached his eighteenth birthday,

And Third, that the person who received the controlled substance had not yet reached his sixteenth birthday.